

XVTH YEAR.

[At the Counter... 3 Cents.]
[By the Month... 75 Cents.]

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 13, 1897.

PRICE: On Streets and Trains 5¢
[At All News Agencies 5¢]

AMUSEMENTS—
LOS ANGELES THEATRE
Three Nights Only, Aug. 13, 14, 15.
Sixth Season. **MR. JOHN DREW,**
Under the management of Chas. Frohman, pre-
sents the first time here a play in four acts, ent-
itled "The Rosemary." Sale of seats opens Monday, Aug. 16. Prices 25c to \$5.00. Tel. Main 70.
LOS ANGELES SOCIETY VAUDEVILLE THEATRE.
TONIGHT.
Europe and America's Leading Lights, Lumiere's Great and Original
Cinematograph, with a new series of life-sized animated views: America's
Foremost Sketch Artists, Matus and Matus, in their original sketch, "The Tramp and
the Brakeman." The Clever Monologue Artist, Francis J. Bryant, "The Famous
Equilibrist, Kaffa Bros. The World-famed Aerial Artist, Ouda, and Clinton Un-
rivaled comedy sketch artists, Miss Imogene Comer, Queen Regent of Descriptive
Singers, Mr. Harry Leclair, Coloredated Protean Burlesque Artist.
Prices Never Changing: Evenings, Reserved Seats, 25c and 50c; Gallery 10c. Regular
Matinee, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Telephone Main 147.
A. Y. PEARSON, Manager.

BURBANK THEATRE—
TONIGHT and remainder of week. **MATINEE SATURDAY**
Presenting the enormous American and English Success, by LINCOLN J.
WALKER.
"THE FAST MAIL" AND STILL THEY COME IN CROWDS—The
Handsome House on the Pacific Coast.
PRICES: GALLERY, 10 CENTS. DRESS CIRCLE, 25 CENTS.
BALCONY, 50 CENTS. BOXES, \$1.00 to \$5.00.
Seats now on sale. Box office open 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Tel. Main 1270.
NEXT WEEK, "THE DEFAUTER."

SANTA FE ROUTE ANNOUNCEMENTS—
MUSICAL FESTIVAL OCEAN PARK.
Aug. 11, 12, 13 and 14. On these dates special trains will leave LaGrande
Station 5:40 p.m. and 7:30 p.m. Returning, leave
Ocean Park at 9 p.m. after the concert.

THE CELEBRATED SEVENTH REGIMENT BAND
Will Give Open Air Concerts every Saturday and Sunday During the Season at
REDONDO BEACH.
Leave Downey Avenue... 9:30 a.m. 9:30 a.m.
Leave LaGrande Station... 10:30 a.m. 10:30 a.m.
Leave Central Avenue... 11:30 a.m. 11:30 a.m.
Daily. Saturday and Sunday only.
Saturday and Sunday Last Train Leaves the Beach returning at 9 p.m.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND—
3 1/2 HOURS FROM LOS ANGELES.
Daily Open Air
Concerts by the **FAMOUS MARINE BAND**
Grand Orchestral Concert Every Evening—Three Boats Saturday, August 14, to the
GRAND SPECTACULAR ILLUMINATION OF AVALON BAY.
Exhibition of Fancy Diving Saturday and Sunday, August 14 and 15, from a
Round Trip Excursion Sunday. Daily Service from San Pedro.
See Southern Pacific and Terminal Railroad time tables for steamer connection.
Regular Round Trip tickets from Los Angeles \$2.75.
Excursion Tickets - - - - - **\$2.50.**
BANNING CO., 222 South Spring Street.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO.—
SANTA BARBARA EXCURSION
AUGUST 13 AND 14—Round Trip \$3.00, ticket good returning 30 days, stop-over at
Ventura if desired. Leave Arcade Depot 8 a.m., 4 p.m.

..SUNDAY, AUGUST 15..
SANTA MONICA
FREE CLAM BAKE ON ARCADE BEACH
1000 SOLDIER, Infantry and Cavalry
BRILLIANT CONCERT 3 p.m. at Band-
stand. Leave Arcade Depot 8 a.m., 4 p.m.
DRESS PARADE, GUARD MOUNTING, MUSIC BY SEVENTH REGIMENT BAND.
A SACK OF COIN emptied in the plunge. North Beach Bath House. Finders are
holders.

SUNDAY TRAINS ON THE EVEN HOUR, 8 a.m. to 10 p.m.
Round Trip 50c. Leave Arcade Depot 8:00, 9:30, 11:00 a.m., 11:00 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 2:30 p.m., 4:00 p.m., 5:30 p.m., 7:00 p.m., 8:30 p.m., 10:00 p.m.
12:15 p.m. making run in 25 mins. no stops. Special, making **Round Trip 50c**
run in 30 mins; makes all city stops, including Winthrop,
near cor. Main and Jefferson Sts.

SANTA MONICA CANYON
FREE BULL'S
HEAD BREAK
PRIZE DANCING
BOLDERS Southern Pacific round-trip tickets to Santa Monica carried free between
Santa Monica, the Canyon and Port Los Angeles. Last train leaves Canyon at 9:30 p.m.
and Port Los Angeles. Last train leaves Canyon at 9:30 p.m.

PORT LOS ANGELES
FOUR-MASTED CLIPPER
"CHRISTINE" from London
will receive visitors.
SCHOONER YACHT "RAM-
BLE" for THREE HOURS' cruise on fishing banks. 50 cents per person; tackle and
bait free. Leave Mammoth Wharf 10:15 a.m. and 2 p.m.

LONG BEACH
BEST OF BATHING. 3-HOUR FISHING TRIPS
Outfit for 50 cents. Bath and tackle free. Sunday
trains leave Arcade Depot 8 a.m., 9:30 a.m., 11:00 a.m.,
1:00 p.m., 2:30 p.m., 4:00 p.m., 5:30 p.m., 7:00 p.m., 8:30 p.m., 10:00 p.m.
and 12:15 p.m. Last train, Sunday, leaves Long
Beach and San Pedro at 10:30 p.m.

SAN PEDRO
MUSIC AND DANCING IN NEW PAVILION FREE.
Yachting and boating in still water. Still-water
bathing on Shell Beach. Trains same as for Long
Beach.

CATALINA ISLAND
IMMEDIATE CONNECTION WITH
STEAMER: 30 minutes quicker trip
Trains leave Arcade Depot 8 a.m., 9:30 a.m., 11:00 a.m.,
1:00 p.m., 2:30 p.m., 4:00 p.m., 5:30 p.m., 7:00 p.m., 8:30 p.m., 10:00 p.m.
and 12:15 p.m. Sunday, 8 a.m., 10:30 a.m., 12:30 p.m., 2:30 p.m., 4:30 p.m., 6:30 p.m., 8:30 p.m., 10:30 p.m.

LOS ANGELES TERMINAL RAILWAY—
GRAND REGATTA RACE
At Terminal Island, Sunday, August 15, 1897.
MUSIC BY THE FAMOUS SOUTHERN
CALIFORNIA MARINE BAND.
Excellent Fish Dinners at Ye Terminal Tavern by the Sea. Best Boating, Fishing
and Bathing on the Southern Coast.

Long Beach,
Terminal Island,
San Pedro,
Catalina....
You get First Choice Steamer Seats by taking this route.
OSTRICH FARM, SOUTH PASADENA—
75 GIANTIC BIRDS. 20 BABY OSTRICHES.
The Most Curious Sight in the State. All styles of Tips
producers' prices. Terminal R.R. and Pasadena Electric Car
at gates.

MISCELLANEOUS—
AWARDED ANOTHER MEDAL,
Chautauqua
JUNE 17, Completes a
List of Thirteen Medals Un-
questionable Indorsements.
220 1/2 South
Spring Street,
Opposite
Hollenbeck

OLD REFINERS AND ASSAYERS—
Largest establishment in Southern California and 25 years' experience. Metal-
urgical Tests of all kinds made and Mines Explored. Gold, Silver, Copper, Lead,
prices paid for gold and silver in any form. SMITH & IRVING,
(Formerly Wm. T. Smith & Co.), 128 North Main Street, Office room 8.

DELAWARES, CONCORDS, CATAWAS—
Choice Eastern Varieties Grapes. Delicious, beautiful, cheap. Peaches like
wise. For the Finest Fruit of any kind, come to headquarters.
ALHOUSE FRUIT CO., 213-215 W. Second St. Tel. Main 368.

EVERYBODY DRINKS CORONADO WATER
Purest on Earth.
Tel. Main 74.
10 Gallon Tanks, 75c; Siphons, per case, \$1.00.
Just as the weather warms, those that are able to walk. No charges to
self. Room, stove, water, chairs, \$1.00 per week. 1 guarantee to cure. J. W. PETERS,
Clement, Los Angeles, Cal.

HARD-FOUGHT.

Particulars of the Battle of Aguacate.

Cubans Hoped to Capture or Kill Gen. Weyler.

Gen. Rodriguez Pursues Him to Guanabacoa.

Steamer Dauntless Fired on at Jacksonville. The steamer Dauntless, of the United States Navy, was fired on by Cuban forces near Jacksonville, Fla., yesterday. The ship was ordered to leave the area.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—A special to the Herald from Havana, via Key West, says:

"Further details have been received of the battle near Aguacate, which is near the Matanzas line. The fight, it was first reported, was in Matanzas Province, but it was just on this side. There is no doubt of the result of the battle, however, and a conservative estimate places the number of Spanish killed at 200, while the rebel loss was comparatively trifling.

"Preparations for Gen. Weyler's arrival at the place were made on Monday, but he has only just returned from the field. He left Matanzas on Sunday and reached Aguacate the next day. It was there that a rumor came that he was wounded in the big fight near the beach, but the statement proved to be false.

"The excitement in Havana is intense. The uncertainty regarding the new ministry in Spain is partly to blame, and on top of this there comes news of a big insurgent victory between Aguacate and Madruga, and also of a pitched battle in the vicinity of Sagua La Grande. The advance guard of Gen. Gomez has crossed into Matanzas. Whether he is close cannot be ascertained with certainty, but it is reported that he declined the fight at Sagua La Grande.

"The largest battle that has taken place in several months was the one fought at Aguacate. It is known that the battle was the result of an attempt to capture Gen. Weyler or kill him. The Captain-General had made preparations to return on horseback from Matanzas to Havana. Along the route he had posted three columns of Spanish soldiers. Gen. Castillo learned of his plans and gathered a force of fully 1500 rebels. This force he hurled against the Spanish lines near Aguacate, where Gen. Weyler was supposed to be. Gen. Castillo commanded the insurgents in the battle. The rebels were under Gen. Molina. Col. Aldea was reported dead, but later accounts are to the effect that both Col. Aldea and Gen. Molina were wounded.

"The battle began about 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and continued until night set in. The Spanish were ranged in a line on the road, and the rebels approached them from the rear, coming from the hills. A body of cavalry was stationed about a quarter of a mile back on the road, and the rebels, if he should be there and attempt to seek safety. The details of the actual fighting are meager, but the place, persons who passed by the place, which is beside the railroad station, say that from the carriage windows they could see many dead soldiers along the road. The rebels used rapid-fire guns.

"When darkness came the Spaniards retired, to return the next morning with heavy reinforcements, but this intention only opened fire about half an hour and then disappeared. They divided into small bands and subsided. Information has also been received of the big fight near Sagua La Grande. It is said the town was attacked, and that a portion of the Spanish force was killed. This has not been verified. Correspondence from the field, however, proves that there has been a battle there. The fight at Aguacate, Gen. Weyler fell back upon Guanabacoa, just across the bay from Havana. The rebel chiefs, Col. Arguñanar and Gen. Rodriguez, were in the district, and Gen. Weyler expected a raid.

"Gen. Weyler arrived at Guanabacoa with 4000 men. Five miles from Guanabacoa Gen. Weyler was attacked by a rebel force under Gen. Rodriguez. Gen. Rodriguez's plan was to force Gen. Weyler to give fight and pursue him into the hills, where the captain-general stood a good chance of being either killed or captured. The rebels fired several volleys from the hills along the road, killing seventeen and wounding a large number of the Spanish, but Gen. Weyler refused to give fight, and kept on his march to Guanabacoa, driving 300 head of cattle (the rebels had stolen) before him. Gen. Rodriguez followed in Weyler's rear to within sight of the town. After the rebels withdrew the Spanish troops commenced hearing the noise of which awakened and frightened the residents of Guanabacoa.

"A train running from Mariano, in Havana province, was stopped upon recently. The American Vice-Consul, Mr. Springer, was on the train. Bullets struck near him, but he escaped unhurt.

DAUNTLESS FIRED ON.
The Slippery Filibuster Tries to Leave Jacksonville Docks.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Aug. 12.—The slippery Dauntless, which made its attempt to get out, and the Wilmington had to fire a gun to stop her. She waited until the City of Brunswick, a big passenger steamer, came along when she got on the outside, close to her, and moved along as noiselessly as possible.

Just as she passed the Wilmington the Dauntless slipped back a little by some mischance, exposing her. Instantly there was a commotion on the Wilmington. Without a hail, a puff of smoke burst from her forward gun, while the heavy report came over the water. A second later, added to this, there were two hoarse whistles, and the Dauntless's officers knew that the effort was a failure.

MINISTER WOODFORD.
LONDON, Aug. 12.—Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, the new United States Min-

STRIKE GERMS

Will Be Carried into Jefferson County.

Pennsylvania Miners Predisposed to Their Absorption.

Bill of Injunction Filed in a Pittsburgh Court.

Temporary Restraining Order Issued by Judge Collier. Threatened to a West Virginia Superintendent.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 12.—Ex-State President Harris of the Miners' Union was in conference here today with the miners' officials relative to the strike in the coal fields of Pennsylvania. He stated that the miners are dissatisfied, and he believes they can be induced to quit work, which would add materially to bringing others to the movement.

The Jefferson-Clearfield Coal and Iron Company employs about 1500 men, he says, and they are turning out daily from 30,000 to 35,000 tons of coal, most of which is being shipped to the Pittsburgh market. The Reynoldsville miners, numbering 1000, have already quit work, and are now considering the advisability of making a raid on the old mines of the company located in Jefferson county, and inducing the miners there to quit work. It was decided to start the movement at once.

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Far-reaching Injunctions Now Figure in the Pittsburgh Strike.

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The Sheriff's proclamation, issued two weeks ago, restraining the men from assembling and marching, has been a dead letter, and the marches have been continued daily. No disturbance of any kind has occurred, the officials of the miners contriving through the whole time to keep their men within peaceful bounds. The preliminary injunction issued today by Judge Collier and Stow now brings the matter of the county courts for settlement. The case will be heard on Monday morning, and the decision is looked forward to with much interest.

If the strikers continue their marches in the morning, as they now say they will in defiance of the injunction, cases will be issued for the offenders on the charge of contempt of court. Should the injunction be enforced, the strikers' camps around the De Armit

NOT PROF. WAYLAND.
The Dean of Yale's Law School Makes a Statement.

NEW HAVEN (Conn.), Aug. 12.—Prof. Francis Wayland, dean of the Yale Law School, has requested the Associated Press to send out the following statement:

"The open letter recently published, addressed to certain members of the faculty of Brown University, in reply to a letter from them heretofore published, was not written, as reported, by Dean Wayland of the Yale Law School, but by the Rev. Dr. H. L. Wayland of Philadelphia. Dean Wayland has written no letter, and what he has said on the subject of the open letter is in a report to be presented to the corporation of Brown University at its next meeting, September 1, by the committee appointed to confer with the president, of which he is a member."

SPAIN AND PERU.
Minister Neill Reports a Treaty of Arbitration Arranged.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—United States Minister Neill at Lima, Peru, reports to the Department of State the conclusion of a treaty between Peru and Spain, providing that any question arising between the two governments shall be submitted to arbitration, and in case it is impossible to settle the question by that method, the contracting parties agree to accept the mediation of a foreign power. The treaty also stipulates that Spaniards in Peru and Peruvians in Spain shall be at liberty to exercise their liberal professions on exhibiting their diplomas obtained in their respective countries.

The convention was signed by Dr. Risa Agero, the Peruvian Minister for Foreign Relations, and Señor Arlano, Spanish Minister to Peru.

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The Judge who tried the case said that he did not expect the verdict, which was received with surprise and indignation by the people at the trial.

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Cold Couldn't Kill Clifford, but Jealousy and Lead Did.

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TO HUNT GOLD.

Yankee Argonauts Arrive at Seattle.

Organized on Military Lines and Well Equipped.

Mind-reader Seymour's Son is Their Chief.

Alaska Commercial Company Will Buy Back Stranded Men and Back. Official Maps to Great Request. Big Finds Made in Nicaragua.

SEATTLE (Wash.), Aug. 12.—One of the largest and best-equipped of all the parties that have started for the Klondike from Seattle this year has just arrived in the city from New England. It is organized on a military basis, the captain being Arthur E. Seymour, son of the well-known mind-reader, Charles H. Moseley, formerly of the Boston Herald, is secretary, and A. E. Rogers of Norwich, Ct., is treasurer.

Each member of the party originally contributed \$1000, and each agrees to share and share alike in all the expenditures and profits of the expedition. Apart from these individual contributions, the company has ample financial backing. It is the first organized party to leave Boston for the new gold fields, and its departure from that city on August 4 was the occasion for a real demonstration, thousands of people assembling at the railway station to see them off.

The corporate name of the expedition is the Haverhill Mining Company, from the fact that Seymour at the time he organized it was at Haverhill, Mass., although his home is at Uxbridge, N. Y. The members of the company have done all their outfitting in this city. The members of the company are as follows: Arthur E. Seymour, Haverhill; J. H. Williams, Charlestown; L. C. Hill, Deerfield; George A. Allen, Haverhill; R. E. Nichols, Providence; R. I. L. L. Hebb, Springfield; George H. Weston, Chelsea; C. N. Brown, Alfred; E. Rogers, Uxbridge; C. L. A. Maloy, Huddon; J. C. Spicer, South Boston; Thomas Murtagh, South Boston; Charles H. Moseley, Boston; A. Cummings and Master Cummings, South Boston; A. R. James, Buffalo, N. Y.; L. L. Evans, Portland, Me.; Charles Thayer, New Haven, Ct.; Dr. M. Townsend, Albany, N. Y.; Walter L. Dodson, Sr., Eugene Cummings, Hartford, Ct.

Mr. Seymour organized the party, and is the chief. Mr. Williams is 74 years old and a California forty-ner. He will instruct his companions in mining, and assure of every one of the outfit is one of the most elaborate and costly. There is nothing extravagant about it, but every necessary article is there, and every one is of the best possible quality. The only thing they brought from the East with them is some sheepskin sleeping bags, which are of superior workmanship, and of unique and useful design. Their passage was enlivened by telegraph messages, and the steamer Hunt, which is due to sail for Seattle, Mr. Michaels next Sunday morning, and their tickets guarantee them arrival at Dawson City before the river is frozen up.

MORE PASSENGERS.
TACOMA (Wash.), Aug. 12.—E. A. Gage, Second Vice-President W. A. Weare of the North American Transportation Company, and William H. Hubbard have conferred with the steamer City of Seattle, which leaves Tacoma for Seattle on the 15th inst. They will go to Dawson City over the Chicago Falls. The City of Seattle will take 500 passengers, and although the sailing lists were opened only six days ago, nearly four hundred berths have already been taken.

LEFT FOR DYEA.
ASTORIA (Or.), Aug. 12.—The steamer Mayflower, towing a large barge loaded with supplies, left this afternoon for Dyea. She will take the inner passage, and her captain anticipates no trouble in reaching his destination.

WILL WASTE NO PHILANTHROPY.
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 12.—Rumors have recently been spread in this city that the Alaska Commercial Company has sent messages to their agents and commanders of vessels to St. Michaels instructing them to bring stranded miners and prospectors whom they may find at St. Michaels or at the mouth of the Yukon, back to civilization.

The Alaska Commercial people deny the truth of these rumors, and say that they have no intention of wasting any philanthropy on foolhardy adventures. It is reported from Juneau that the blockade at Dyea and Skagway is daily growing worse. At the two points there are now not less than one thousand men unable to go over the summit.

LOAD OF EASTERNERS.
SEATTLE (Wash.), Aug. 12.—The steamship City of Topeka departed this evening for Skagway and Dyea, with nearly three hundred passengers for the Klondike. Many of the passengers are miners, and the freight is piled high on every deck. Several burros are aboard, to be used in packing over the mountains and mostly the new Klondikers are taking "knocked-down" boats with them for the river trip. Nearly all the Topeka's passengers hail from the Eastern States.

BROUGHT TO GOLD.
But the Elder Brings News of Prospects Returning.

ASTORIA (Or.), Aug. 12.—The Oregon Railway and Navigation Company's steamer George W. Elder arrived here tonight from Dyea. The Elder left Dyea the 9th inst. She confirms previous reports that both the White and Chilcoot passes are blocked. Nearly all of the Elder's passengers were landed at Dyea, the vessel lying a mile and a half out in the bay. Passengers and goods were lightered ashore at a cost of \$10 a ton for

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Each member of the party originally contributed \$1000, and each agrees to share and share alike in all the expenditures and profits of the expedition. Apart from these individual contributions, the company has ample financial backing. It is the first organized party to leave Boston for the new gold fields, and its departure from that city on August 4 was the occasion for a real demonstration, thousands of people assembling at the railway station to see them off.

The corporate name of the expedition is the Haverhill Mining Company, from the fact that Seymour at the time he organized it was at Haverhill, Mass., although his home is at Uxbridge, N. Y. The members of the company have done all their outfitting in this city. The members of the company are as follows: Arthur E. Seymour, Haverhill; J. H. Williams, Charlestown; L. C. Hill, Deerfield; George A. Allen, Haverhill; R. E. Nichols, Providence; R. I. L. L. Hebb, Springfield; George H. Weston, Chelsea; C. N. Brown, Alfred; E. Rogers, Uxbridge; C. L. A. Maloy, Huddon; J. C. Spicer, South Boston; Thomas Murtagh, South Boston; Charles H. Moseley, Boston; A. Cummings and Master Cummings, South Boston; A. R. James, Buffalo, N. Y.; L. L. Evans, Portland, Me.; Charles Thayer, New Haven, Ct.; Dr. M. Townsend, Albany, N. Y.; Walter L. Dodson, Sr., Eugene Cummings, Hartford, Ct.

Mr. Seymour organized the party, and is the chief. Mr. Williams is 74 years old and a California forty-ner. He will instruct his companions in mining, and assure of every one of the outfit is one of the most elaborate and costly. There is nothing extravagant about it, but every necessary article is there, and every one is of the best possible quality. The only thing they brought from the East with them is some sheepskin sleeping bags, which are of superior workmanship, and of unique and useful design. Their passage was enlivened by telegraph messages, and the steamer Hunt, which is due to sail for Seattle, Mr. Michaels next Sunday morning, and their tickets guarantee them arrival at Dawson City before the river is frozen up.

MORE PASSENGERS.
TACOMA (Wash.), Aug. 12.—E. A. Gage, Second Vice-President W. A. Weare of the North American Transportation Company, and William H. Hubbard have conferred with the steamer City of Seattle, which leaves Tacoma for Seattle on the 15th inst. They will go to Dawson City over the Chicago Falls. The City of Seattle will take 500 passengers, and although the sailing lists were opened only six days ago, nearly four hundred berths have already been taken.

LEFT FOR DYEA.
ASTORIA (Or.), Aug. 12.—The steamer Mayflower, towing a large barge loaded with supplies, left this afternoon for Dyea. She will take the inner passage, and her captain anticipates no trouble in reaching his destination.

WILL WASTE NO PHILANTHROPY.
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 12.—Rumors have recently been spread in this city that the Alaska Commercial Company has sent messages to their agents and commanders of vessels to St. Michaels instructing them to bring stranded miners and prospectors whom they may find at St. Michaels or at the mouth of the Yukon, back to civilization.

The Alaska Commercial people deny the truth of these rumors, and say that they have no intention of wasting any philanthropy on foolhardy adventures. It is reported from Juneau that the blockade at Dyea and Skagway is daily growing worse. At the two points there are now not less than one thousand men unable to go over the summit.

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AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.
BURBANK. The Fast Mail.

SPECIAL MINING NUMBER.

At an early date The Times will publish an elaborate, carefully-prepared and informing issue devoted to exploiting the rich mining fields lying in the great Southwest, in almost every direction from the city of Los Angeles, which is the natural commercial metropolis and mineral entrepot of this vast region. The forthcoming Mining Edition will contain a volume of valuable and timely information about the yielding and paying mines, as well as about the more promising of the prospects in various mineral localities. The aim will be to give correct and reliable information in every case, with a view to promoting the mining industry as a legitimate pursuit.

Further information about this timely publication may be obtained at the office, together with terms of advertising and prices of the paper in bulk.

HOW GOLD IS FOUND ON THE KLONDYKE.

The Gold Fields of the Arctic Circle, or The Fortune-seeker's Guide to the Yukon Regions of Alaska and British America, with Maps, Diagrams and Illustrations. This new book, soon to be ready for patrons of THE TIMES, is fresh from the pen of a qualified writer who is personally familiar with the Klondyke country. It tells the whole story of the recent wonderful discoveries of gold in the far Northwest, and is described more in detail on the ninth page of today's issue. Everybody, whether or not he (or she) be afflicted with the gold fever, should have this indispensable book. It is a thick 12mo., in paper covers, and will be ready at the TIMES office very soon. Send or bring 25 cents and secure a copy. No extra charge for postage when sent by mail.

CANADA'S FORBEARANCE.

The Canadian government has wisely concluded to abandon the proposed exaction of royalty on gold mined in the Klondyke gold fields. This move was contrary to all rules and regulations in force in other treasure-producing countries, and the enforcement of the plan of exaction would certainly have led to serious trouble. No one objects to a reasonable tax being placed upon alien miners, and the gold hunters will not be found in opposition to such a tax, but a royalty scheme is altogether another matter. In the early days in California aliens were compelled to pay a specified sum annually for the right to mine in the gold fields of this State, and no question was ever raised, so far as is known, about the equity of such a proceeding. The tax was cheerfully paid, and the miners from Canada and other foreign countries were placed otherwise on the same footing as were those of native birth. The man who faces the hardships, dangers and privations of the frigid Northwest to wrest from its frozen bosom the stores of treasure it contains has enough difficulties to meet without being compelled to give up a big percentage of the wealth he has gained by his prowess and nerve, and if he subscribes to the regulations of the government and pays such annual fees as it is reasonable to impose he has certainly done all that should be demanded of him. The men who go forth into the bitter fight to add to the world's store of treasure should be encouraged in their adventure rather than be placed under galling and unreasonable restrictions. Canada will certainly share largely in the output of gold from the northern fields, and the government of that country has chosen with wisdom in showing an inclination to treat the gold-seekers with fairness and generosity.

The valiant Democrats of Virginia are standing by the Chicago platform of 1896, with all its evils, crazes and imperfections, with a courage worthy of a better cause. By the time the summer of 1900 gets here, the Chicago platform will be so full of blow-holes that even the most hide-bound silverocrat of them all will wonder how it was that he did not discover them in the first place. The scales will fall from the eyes of thousands who last year looked upon the free and unlimited coinage of silver as a panacea for all the ills that afflict the body politic, and the Democracy will be yelling in a loud voice for somebody to help them let go. The logic of events is inexorable—free silver made its stand at the last ditch last November.

cumbent upon Republicans in every State to see that their legislative campaigns are conducted with vigor and enthusiasm. Eternal vigilance is the price of political success as well as of liberty.

To the Republicans of California the duty of the hour is here specially pointed out. Unity of action and breadth of party policy are essential if we would win. Small-bore politicians and hungry hangers-on about the doors of local political offices, where the crumbs of patronage are distributed, are not the men to whom should be left the organization of Republican campaigns and the mobilization of the Republican battalions. Sleepless office-seekers who, gopher-like, are constantly burrowing between-times, unseen by busy men of affairs, are not safe persons to entrust with the important duty of "chalking out" conventions nor of "staking out" delegates and nominees for city, county or State offices, long in advance, as is their wont, of the time for action by the party in convention assembled. Political clubs organized in the interim between campaigns with these narrow and selfish ends in view are not fairly representative of the party, and should not be trusted unduly.

"LOS ANGELES BARGAIN WEEK."

A unique project is suggested to THE TIMES by a correspondent who is also a citizen and a sagacious business man, full of ideas and enterprise. He writes that for several weeks he has been making an exhaustive study of how the usual midsummer dullness which attacks the retailer about the last of August may be avoided or overcome. He believes that he has hit upon a plan which solves the problem, and which, if rightly carried out, will give retail merchants a week of business that will remind them of the good old days of the boom. We print his plan, and do not hesitate to say that it possesses merit.

This plan is based upon sound business principles. I believe it is the most favorable month in the year in which to put such a plan in operation. The reasons for this belief are these: First—From the best information to be had from the most reliable sources the people in the towns which surround Los Angeles are now in a more prosperous condition, and have more ready money, than for several years. These people have been very small buyers for the past two or three years, and are now ready to spend their money for necessities, and many luxuries, which they denied themselves through closer economy.

Second—The last of August and the first of September is a quiet period with merchants. A more general effort is made to force goods at this time during any other period of the year. This naturally results in general cutting of prices, which is not an in-jury, as may be supposed, but a benefit to the merchant, as it enables him to close out the odds and ends and stragglers of his summer stock, and to open his fall campaign with shelves of clean, fresh merchandise. The two facts noted above are the most important factors in the plan which I now consider for the betterment of trade at this time.

The plan formulated is as follows: Let merchants join hands in a grand series of special bargain sales to cover the period of the week ending the last week in August, each store offering, in its own way, special inducements in the form of prices and other store attractions—inducements so strong that no man or woman with a dollar in hand can resist them. For illustration, let us call the week "Los Angeles Bargain Week." Special sales and bargains have a greater crowd-bringing power, as far as women are concerned, than any other proposition advertised throughout this section, and backed up by goods and prices, as I feel sure our leading merchants would back it up, would bring thousands of people to the city, people who would come with the express purpose of buying something, and that is the kind of people our merchants want to see. I believe a week of special sales would offer many side attractions, such as giving their out-of-town customers dinners at a good restaurant, free trips to the beach, and in many cases, paying the full amount of the fare if a certain amount of merchandise was purchased. These side attractions would have to be elaborated further than I care to go into the matter in a communication of this kind.

The first move in this campaign would be to enlist the interest and enthusiasm of the Chamber of Commerce and Merchants' Association. The cause, with these two bodies at work to interest the railroads in making special excursion rates from all Southern California towns, with tickets good to return any time during the week, and with proper advertising, there can be no reasonable doubt but that thousands and thousands of people would be brought into Los Angeles and that our merchants' sales would be increased for the week by many thousands of dollars.

As far as I am able to estimate at this time, a fund of about \$500 would be required to advertise "Los Angeles Bargain Week" and bargain-week excursions in the various towns, in a general way, by means of the local county papers and by posters and flyers. Considering the immense results which the plan seems likely to bring forth, \$500 as an advertising fund is a mere bagatelle, and it ought to be raised by subscription in less than two hours. [A thousand dollars would be none too much.—ED. TIMES.]

The country people of Southern California are ready with cash in hand to make purchases at this time, why not give them the chance to spend their money in Los Angeles?

THE TIMES will be glad to hear from both purchasers and merchants on this unique and taking scheme.

The State Department has, in the language of the day, taken a very pretty fall out of Prof. Elliott, who has been making such an indecent exposure of his mind on the Bering Sea question, but it will be ineffective as a stopper of the professor's flow of language on the subject, we may be sure. The Elliottian raw places promise to become a permanent exhibit, and we might all as well make up our minds to it. Meanwhile the government is running the seal business without the aid or acquiescence of Prof. Elliott.

ET TU, BRUTE!

Senators Stewart and Jones (both of Nevada), erstwhile the boss calamity-yawpers of the boundless West, have seen a great light. Both are out in interviews, virtually acknowledging that the views expressed by them in the past were based on fundamental errors, and confessing that the country is at the threshold of an era of great prosperity, notwithstanding the "crime of '73" and the turning down of free silverism in 1896 by the American people.

Senator Stewart goes so far as to say—in reckless disregard of past utterances and Bryanite theories—that he "should not be surprised to see silver sell for 25 cents and wheat as high as a dollar." "There is nothing," he said further, "in talking silver at the present time, and my advice to my friends in the West is to fall in line with the forces of prosperity and progress, and receive their due share of the reward."

These are words fitly spoken; and if Mr. Stewart's "friends in the West" are wise in their generation, they will follow his advice and example, cease their lugubrious and calamitous prognostications, and trim their sails for the fair and bountiful breeze of prosperity that is sweeping over the land. Senator Stewart of Nevada is by no means a fool, though some things he has done in the past might seem to indicate that he should be thus classified. He knows a good thing when it runs up against him. He reads the handwriting on the wall, and has the good sense to interpret it correctly. Mr. Stewart is in a fair way to recover from the attack of silvermania, and if he suffers no relapse his complete restoration to mental health may safely be predicted.

Senator Jones (likewise of Nevada) is also on the road to recovery. He expresses sentiments equally as optimistic as those of his colleague, Stewart. He acknowledges that the restoration of prosperity is already an assured fact, although the price of silver continues downward. But Mr. Jones declares that he will extend the glad hand to prosperity, in whatever guise it comes. This definite announcement on the part of Senator Jones of Nevada, it may properly be said, removes the last serious obstacle to the march of prosperity and plenty through the land.

It is perhaps a little mean to remind Senators Jones and Stewart that their present attitude is in effect a confession that their position in the late campaign was illogical, indefensible and fundamentally wrong. That such was the case is too obvious to require special emphasis, hence a mere mention of the fact, without elaboration or embellishment, is all that is necessary. By their own frank confession they are convinced that a complete restoration of prosperity is, after all, possible without the adoption of the dangerous experiment of free and unlimited silver coinage at a ratio of 16 to 1. Their conversion comes rather late, it is true; but it is "better late than never."

There are others. There is W. J. Bryan, for instance. What has he to say—who usually has so much to say on all occasions—about the decline of silver and the rise of wheat? We pause for a reply.

'ALL THINGS COME TO HIM WHO WAITS.'

The fact that many of the adventurous spirits who started for Klondyke are abandoning their supplies at Dyea and Skaguay, and returning to civilization without venturing further this winter toward the land of frozen gold, will doubtless have a salutary effect on thousands of others all over the country who have for some weeks been consumed with a raging gold fever. It will be time enough to start for Klondyke next year, when transportation opens and some reliable information is at hand regarding the extent of the fields and the prospects for the thousands who are now so ready to make a leap in the dark. It would be the height of folly for 10,000 men to rush into that forbidding country if there is room for but half that number. The gold up there will keep, and if there is any great quantity of it spread over a large area of territory, the man who starts for the fields next March will be quite as certain to get his share of it as though he takes his life in his hand and goes this fall. There is wisdom, always, in not being too previous. Meanwhile there are tons of gold under the surface of California, and the man who is determined to prospect this winter cannot do better than to strike out into our mountains and discover a Klondyke in the glorious climate of C.

This is the way the unwilling Indianapolis News crawfishes around the existing state of affairs:

"Was there ever a party as lucky as the Republican party? Once again it will pose as the great manufacturer of prosperity. If the Republicans had won in 1892 we should have had our panic just the same, and then it would have been charged to the Republican party and the McKinley law. But the Republicans got out from the panic, and now they are getting in on the business revival. Luck is a great thing."

Poor calamity-shriekers! How they grudge us our big procession, and how they hate to get in with it!

The Japanese are now explaining that it was owing to their radical friendship for this country that they uttered the recent protest against the annexation of Hawaii. As an afterthought this is a very beautiful and artistic specimen, and the apology is accepted.

That discriminating duty of 10 per cent on foreign goods brought into this country over Canadian railways promises (although the officials of those lines are said to be smiling at the idea of such a thing) to cause them to smile out of the other corners of their mouths. The opinion of the

Collector at Chicago seems entirely reasonable and proper, and it is to be hoped that he may be backed up by the authorities at Washington to the end that American railways may be given such protection as the occasion demands.

It is refreshing to note that Senator Stewart of Nevada has forsaken the choir that is howling calamity and has joined the congregation that is shouting the optimistic hosanna of good times. The big church that is full of the sunshine of prosperity promises to not only increase largely in numbers, but the immediate future, but to pay off the church debt and have money to burn. The advance agent was evidently "onto his job."

It is stated that out of 400 young men graduated from Harvard this year not a single one intends to take up the study of theology; but if they could not theologize any better than they can row a shell it is a mighty good thing for souls that are in need of saving.

The man who goes to Klondyke not only takes his life in his hand while going over the trails and rapids after he leaves the seacoast, but he starts out the same way when he boards many of the boats that are now being put into the Alaskan service.

The loss of the steamer Mexico should afford young Mr. Kapus another brilliant opportunity to work off a batch of meaty claims for loss and damage on callow and credulous individuals, who itch to make money without working for it.

The Kansas City Star seems to think, with which we agree, that "a nation which is increasing its population at the rate of 1,000,000 a year ought not to be compelled to send its battleships to foreign docks to have them repaired."

This is what some of them are singing—

"'Twas a sad trip coming back,
'Twas a sad trip coming back,
For Klondyke we struck out,
But Chilkoot knocked us out;
'Twas a sad trip coming back."

Senator Gorman of Maryland announces that at the close of his present term in the Senate he will "retire from public life." This announcement from Mr. Gorman is entirely superfluous.

The Populist convention at Columbus, O., developed the usual free fight, but as no delegate called another a "red-headed sap-sucker," Georgia is still two or three laps in the lead.

With Mexican dollars selling at 43 cents, the reason for Mr. Brylson's season of extraordinary silliness is so apparent as to make speculation on the subject utterly superfluous.

The evaporation of the Chicago platform seems to be going on at a lively rate. There promises to be little more left of it in 1900 than a hole in the ground where it was located.

It is to be hoped that the local notary public who has been arrested for alleged fraud will not attempt to commit anybody for contempt in connection with this proceeding.

The preachers of the gospel of discontent are having hard work to find congregations these days, as everybody is too busy to go to that kind of a meeting-house.

The singing-teacher of Kiowa, Kan., is a blacksmith, and there are some teachers in this town of the same sort; but they are not working at it—more's the pity.

Senator Tillman is learning to ride a bicycle. There is a bare prospect that he may run into an ice wagon on a street car, with the usual results.

It turns out that the people of Kansas were more scared than hurt by the hot winds, and now the calamity-howler has got another grievance.

Silver appears to be getting down at last to the level of some of the mountebanks who have been booming it as the savior of the human race.

The folly of moonshine talk about money is being made plain to misguided Populists by the smiling sunshine of Prosperity.

When one looks up toward Klondyke it really appears as though whisky was the advance agent of civilization.

The next time the calamity-howlers' convention meets, "Prof." Elliott ought to be given a seat on the platform.

The American flag may not have gone up yet in Hawaii, but if it has, it will stay up.

Something that would be appreciated in Alaska—a good-roads movement.

The Ohio Populists did not fuse, but they fought just lovely.

THE PLAYHOUSES

"Rosemary," to be presented by John Drew, under the direction of Charles Frohman, at the Los Angeles Theater Thursday, Friday and Saturday of next week, is said to be the very antithesis of the noxious problem play, and is declared to be "as fragrant as fresh violets." Its theme is the never-ending one of love, but the authors, Louis N. Parker and Murray Carson, have endowed it with a new and romantic interest, and the variation, as well as directness, of its telling weaves charm that is said to be irresistible. The sale of seats opens Monday, August 16.

THE WAVE OF PROSPERITY.

PRICES ARE CLIMBING.
[New York Mail and Express:] Wheat, corn, cotton and hogs are all worth considerably more than they were a week ago, and a great deal more than they were a year ago—and prices are still climbing. It is this cheerful condition of affairs that ables the American farmer to sit on the top rail of the fence and make faces at the Popocratic yelp who comes along talking calamity.

WIPING OUT DEBTS.

[E. V. Smalley in New York Evening Post:] The big crops in Kansas and Nebraska, and also in Iowa and Missouri, are resulting in the full or partial payment of thousands of farm mortgages, and the wiping out of store debts, and in the liberal purchase by the farmers of all kinds of goods, implements and machinery. A drought-stricken, bankrupt and discouraged region these two States have sprung up immediately into confidence and cheerfulness.

IT HITS THE SOUTH.

[New York Tribune:] "The farmers of Georgia," said W. T. Gibson of that State today, "have more hog and hominy this year than ever before. The cotton crop is also the best in many years, both in quality and quantity, and the planters hope to get a good price for it. Cotton mills are being constructed in all parts of the State, which in itself is a sign of returning prosperity. But plenty of hog and hominy means to the Georgia farmer a sufficient food supply and a good crop means money in his pocket to buy farm implements and clothing and pay off mortgages. Investments in cotton factories in Georgia are becoming very attractive to Northern capitalists, and the advantage of being directly in touch with the source of supply has made the old State a strong rival of New England in the production of cotton goods."

ACTUAL REALIZATION.

[New York Journal of Commerce:] Business held back till the tariff should be settled, is now going ahead with substantial results, and the European demand for our breadstuffs is beginning to be felt in every part of the country. The result is that the business world reports not only increasing confidence in the future, but an actual increase of increasing business.

LOAN AGENCIES STAND IN.

[Waterloo (Iowa) Courier:] Loan agencies are showing their confidence in the permanency of the business revival by directing their representatives of the West to resume the making of loans on farm property at low rates of interest.

BUSINESS IS INCREASING.

[Kansas City Star:] The tidal wave of prosperity is sweeping on. There is no doubt about it. The business world is increasing. The profits of trade and industry are growing. It would be folly to pretend that there is, or is likely to be, a serious slump in business, but there is, beyond question, and has been for months, a steadily-improving condition prevailing in this part of the business world, the making of loans on farm property at low rates of interest.

ST. LOUIS CONFIDENCE.

[St. Louis Chronicle:] The advance in wheat and other market indications are having favorable effect on the trade of the country. St. Louis merchants, who were not so sanguine a few weeks since, are now confident that the fall trade will be heavy. Perhaps the heaviest crop of recent years will soon be marketed, and good crops at good prices is the foundation of all business. The opening of the Alaska gold fields has also had an indirect good effect upon trade conditions. The business outlook in St. Louis and throughout the country has not been so encouraging in months.

BANK CLEARINGS GROWING.

[Columbus (O.) Dispatch:] Here is a pretty good straw: On the 9th of July, simultaneously with the beginning of the reports of good crops and other special evidences of returned prosperity, the bank clearances in Columbus began to make a showing in favor of 1897 over 1896. From the day to the present, without any backsliding, the showing in favor of this year has steadily grown until yesterday the bank clearings for this year exceeded those of the corresponding period of last year by \$212,900. Is this a time for calamity howling?

GETTING READY FOR BUSINESS.

[Philadelphia Press:] General business has lagged along in midsummer fashion, but there are many new signs that the times are not out of joint by any means. On the whole, the commercial community is getting ready for or is deeply in new activity.

CONFIDENCE INSPIRED.

[Philadelphia Times:] The tariff alone is not likely to accomplish so much in quickening industrial progress as the general confidence it may inspire. It is the want of confidence chiefly that has maintained the business paralysis during the last six months, and the lack of faith was impeded to the delay in inaugurating a high protective policy. That policy has now been made the law of the land. It is not only protective far in excess of anything ever claimed by protectionists in the infancy of our industries, but it exceeds in many respects the highest protective policy of the past ever inaugurated in time of peace.

NOT ALBERTONE.

Some High Italian Personage Will Tackle Prince Henry.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] PARIS, Aug. 12.—[By Atlantic Cable.] Prince Henry of Prussia, replying to the Duke of Aosta, eldest nephew of the King of Italy, sent to France by His Majesty with instructions to make an attempt to prevent a duel being fought between Prince Henry and Gen. Albertone, as a result of the Prince's reflections upon the conduct of the Italian soldiers in Abyssinia, informed the Duke that it is impossible for him to retract. It is now thought others will intervene in the matter. The following semi-official communication has been issued:

"It is learned from a trustworthy source that the unexpected intervention of a very high Italian personage claiming himself an acquaintance with Prince Henry of Orleans, will in all probability modify the situation. Under these circumstances it is probable that Albertone will be questioned by the exalted personage in question. A telegram received by Prince Henry while traveling last night apprised him of the new intervention."

HANNA IN DANGER.

Steam Yacht Comanche Goes Ashore With the Senator.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] PORT ARTHUR (Ont.), Aug. 21.—The steam yacht Comanche, which left here Tuesday morning with Senator M. A. Hanna and party, is ashore somewhere in Nipigon Straits on the north shore of Lake Superior. That she is in imminent danger is evident from the telegram received this morning asking that two wrecking tugs and a lighter be sent at once.

They Want a Change.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 12.—Placards in Arabic have been found posted on the walls of all the ministerial dwellings demanding a change in the system of the Turkish government. They declare that otherwise blood will flow as during the Armenian massacre.

NO MATTER HOW PLATED

PROSPERITY WILL FIND JONES' ARMS WIDE OPEN.

The Senator Discomfited on the Fall of Silver and the Ascension of Gold—Thinks the Republicans are Lucky to Have a Klondyke Boom.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—The Times says that Senator John P. Jones of Nevada, who is spending a vacation in this city, said yesterday that the continued fall in the price of silver ought not to surprise any one.

"Silver is falling in the common price," he said, "because of a falling off of the demands for it as money. Japan has gone to a gold basis, and so lessened the demand for silver. Besides this, there has been, because of the hard times, a falling off in the purchases in the East. The oriental countries use silver as money, and our purchases are paid for in that metal. The demand has been cut off by reason of the hard times."

Of the increasing gold production in Alaska, Senator Jones said: "I am not opposed to prosperity through any increase in gold. The Republicans are very lucky, and I congratulate them on the fact that this great discovery falls within their administration. I believe a great deal of gold will be found in Alaska, and it is certain to restore prosperity for which the west places of our land receive the credit. I shall welcome its return, whether through gold or silver."

"Much glorification and congratulation is being given to the fact that our western wheat is going up to a dollar because of a famine in Argentina, Russia, India and other countries. I do not like to think of our prosperity founded on destitution and starvation in foreign nations. I want a flood of money to turn the idle mill wheels and irrigate the waste places of our land."

"Another result that will follow from an abundance of money, be it silver or gold, will be an abeyance of this hatred of the west by the foreign trusts, and only prosperity will drive monopolies out of their minds. Plenty of money will crush out the trusts. They flourish only in hard times."

THAT TEN PER CENT.

Canadian Railway Officials Admit Its Effect Will Be Killing.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

MONTREAL (Que.), Aug. 12.—The decision of Atty.-Gen. McKenna as to the interpretation of the clause of the new United States tariff, which deals with the imposition of an extra 10 per cent, for goods entering the United States from a contiguous country will be watched with the greatest interest in Canada.

"If the clause is put into force," said G. M. Bosworth, freight traffic manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, "its effect will be serious. It will kill all our China and Japan business in exports intended for the United States, and will kill all importation into the United States through Canadian ports. Montreal in summer and St. John's in winter will suffer from the adverse legislation."

The same view was expressed by G. B. Reeve, general traffic manager of the Grand Trunk Railway.

MINISTER TO RUSSIA.

Ethan Allen Hitchcock Said to Be the Chosen Man.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 12.—Special to the Globe-Democrat says that Ethan Allen Hitchcock of St. Louis has accepted the Russian mission. He was in no sense a candidate. His name was not suggested to the President by anybody. The first mention of Mr. Hitchcock in connection with the appointment came from the President.

When the offer was first made, Mr. Hitchcock was disinclined to accept. Before finally deciding, Mr. Hitchcock communicated with the President, Lake Champlain. After a full exchange of views with the President, Mr. Hitchcock decided to accept. Information to this effect reached Washington yesterday. Mr. Hitchcock started on Monday for St. Louis to put his affairs in order to go to St. Petersburg. It may be several weeks before he is ready to qualify and sail.

REBELLIOUS KANSANS.

Temperance People of Harper Demand the Mayor's Resignation.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

WICHITA (Kan.), Aug. 12.—A mob of 200 persons waited on Mayor M. of Harper and demanded his immediate resignation because he refused to close a saloon that had opened on State street. The Mayor climbed upon his desk and attempted to make a conciliatory speech. The temperance crowd passed him, and two or three got hold of him and attempted to throw him off, when the Mayor's friends came in by the back door and drove the crowd away with clubs.

The agitators then proceeded to the Council chambers, put out the lights and broke up the meeting in a general row. Violence and a revulsion of the city government has been threatened. The city offices are now under an armed guard.

PANAMA EXPOSITION.

Commissioner Handy Going to Inspect the Site of the Fair.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Moses P. Handy, special commissioner from the United States to the Paris Exposition, has arrived in Washington and spent some time today in receiving his instructions at the State Department. Mr. Handy expects to sail from New York for Paris on the 25th inst., taking with him as an aide Lieut. Baker, who was one of the naval aides at the World's Fair.

Handy will spend two months in Paris and then return to the United States and will open offices in New York and Chicago, where applications for space will be received from would-be exhibitors. Already many of these applications have come in, and a large correspondence has begun. It is said that the indications are that the space at the Paris Exposition will be very limited.

French Fighting Siamese.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—A special to the Herald from Bangkok says: "News has arrived of severe fighting at Muan Loc, on the right bank of the Mekong, the neutral zone between the French and Siamese. Several were killed and wounded on both sides. The French captured Siamese officials. Details are wanting."

A Peculiar Tragedy.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Aug. 13.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 29.97; at 5 p.m., 29.89. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 64 deg. and 73 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 92 per cent; 5 p.m., 67 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., south, velocity 2 miles; 5 p.m., west, velocity 8 miles. Maximum temperature, 82 deg.; minimum temperature, 62 deg. Character of weather, 5 a.m., cloudy; 5 p.m., clear. Barometer reduced to sea level.

The Times

Society.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Parker entertained Mrs. Wilcox, Mr. and Mrs. Randolph Miner and A. H. Wilcox at a delightful dinner last evening at their residence on Orchard avenue. The table was decorated with Magna Charta roses arranged with charming effect in a mass overflowing a tall cut-glass vase at one corner. The centerpiece was formed of luscious purple and white grapes.

The wedding of Miss Renee Mallin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Mallin, and Thomas A. Blakely of Redlands, took place last evening at 6 o'clock at St. John's Church. The ceremony, which was performed by the pastor, the Rev. B. W. Taylor, was witnessed by about one hundred and fifty relatives and friends. The altar and chancel were handsomely decorated with white flowers, ferns and palms. The bride, who was escorted by her father, wore a strikingly beautiful gown of rich pearl white silk striped with the finest lines of satin. The skirt was made with a court train and garnished on either side of the front with a Prince of Wales cluster of ostrich tips caught with a chio bow of white satin ribbon. The bodice was fashioned with a full front of the silk, a bolero of chiffon embroidery and long shirred sleeves finished at the shoulder in buff and ecru. The neck was cut slightly square and finished with a high Medici collar of the ostrich tips. White satin ribbon in folds finished the edge of the bodice and fell in long loops and ends at the back. The long veil of silk tulle was fastened with orange blossoms, and the bridal bouquet was of long-stemmed white roses. Diamonds flashed in the ears of the graceful bride and at her throat. The maid of honor, Miss Marian Mallin, sister of the bride, was frocked in pearl-gray tulle silk, garnished with white chiffon, and wore a white Gainsborough hat nodding with white plumes. A soft touch of color was lent by the cluster of La France roses she carried in her hands. The groom was attended by Leo Peel, a nephew of Sir Robert Peel, and Messrs. Leo Wells and L. Hartman Dutton assisted as ushers. Mrs. Mallin, the mother of the bride, wore black lace over black silk, with a hat of yellow roses and ornaments of diamonds. The ceremony was followed by a reception at the home of the bride's parents, on South Broadway, at which about sixty guests were present. The front parlor was prettily decorated with white roses and carnations, potted palms and plants and smilax, while in the rear parlor, pink roses and carnations were used. The sitting-room, where the handsome gifts were displayed, was decorated in red, and the dining-room, where the champagne, ices and other refreshments were served, was bright with yellow ribbons and sunflowers. Mr. and Mrs. Blakely left in the evening for San Francisco, and will be at home to their friends after the first Tuesday in September at their future residence in Redlands. The bride's going-away gown was a smart tailor-made affair of fawn-colored drap d'ete, garnished with braid of the same shade. The gloves and hat were green, the latter being trimmed with pink daisies and white tulle.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

Mrs. Harry Watson and children left on Wednesday for her home in Emporia, Kan.
Mrs. H. C. Montague and daughters are at Redlands for a month's stay.
J. T. Fitzgerald left yesterday for Portland, Or., for a month's vacation.
Mrs. Frank E. Olds and Mrs. Wheeler and daughter are spending a fortnight at Glenn Ranch, high up on Old Baldy.
O. W. Moore left Wednesday for New York, where he will spend a year or more in study.
Mrs. Alice S. Bowles and Ben W. Fernald were married Wednesday at the residence of Rev. D. R. Colman, the officiating clergyman. Mr. and Mrs. Fernald left for Coronado soon after the ceremony and will be at home to their friends after September 1, at their residence, No. 1119 Trenton street.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Some Fine Fruit Put on Exhibition Yesterday.
One of the finest exhibits shown lately in the Chamber of Commerce was put in yesterday by Mrs. J. W. Dodge of University. It contains two curiosities of horticulture, a branch, twelve inches long, containing fourteen magnificent Oregon plums, and a dish of seedling plums, an entire new and delicious variety of small, rosy fruit, produced from the seed of the Kelsey Japan plum.
J. M. Pitts of Santa Anita displays some enormous Kelsey Japan plums, the finest ever placed on exhibition in the Chamber of Commerce.
L. Craig of Eagle Rock displays some weird and sinuous Italian cucumbers of the snake variety. These specimens are four and a half feet long.
Hugh Rule of Bell Station exhibits two sixty-pound watermelons, one the Rattlesnake and Cuban Queen varieties.
H. P. Flint of Ventura has sent in some fine strawberry peaches, almonds, Washington plums, English walnuts and Burbank potatoes, averaging five pounds each.
From the Eams Nursery in Los Angeles comes some beautiful Bartlett and Duchess pears, some Satsuma plums and some fine Crawford peaches.

Murray Has "D. T."

Chris Murray, the iron-moulder who attempted suicide yesterday morning, is suffering from delirium tremens. He grew so violent in the Receiving Hospital that he had to be strapped down. Later in the day he was sent to the County Hospital. His attempt to cut his throat was quite ineffectual. He had been drinking heavily for some time.

A Family Spill.

W. R. Wilkinson, his son Percy, and a very small boy were thrown out of a wagon on Alameda street yesterday morning, owing to a runaway team. Mr. Wilkinson, who was driving, was skinned and Percy's shoulder was dislocated, but the small boy escaped injury. The victims received surgical attendance at the Receiving Hospital.

BICYCLE TOURNAMENT.

ADMISSION-DAY RACES IN HONOR OF THE NATIVE SONS.

Famous California Crackerjacks are Listed and Will Contest for the World's Records—Thirty Thousand Wheelmen to Parade.

The big bicycle tournament to take place in this city on Admission day in honor of the Native Sons, will be the most extensive affair of its kind that has ever taken place west of the Rockies.

Nearly all the holders of world's records are Californians, and as each one of them has already been listed, the most famous of the world's bicycle contests will be decided in this city next month.

A match race has been arranged between Lacy and Bell, both of this city for \$50 a side, but since the match was made, Charles Stimson, grandson of the local millionaire, has issued a challenge to both and offers to raise the stake to \$150 each, the winner taking the total sum, \$450. Stimson's challenge was not accepted up to a late hour last evening.

Special committees have been appointed to arrange for the grand bicycle parade, which will take place on the evening before the races. According to present arrangements, nearly thirty thousand wheelmen will participate in the parade, each rider to carry a Chinese lantern or some other illumination device.

Ralph Mussey of the East Side Club will ride against the American record at the track. Sunday morning next for a distance of 100 miles, the ride to be continuous. The best American time, as it now stands is 4:7-00. Mussey expects to lower the time to the three-hour limit, which will bring him close to the world's championship. He will be paced by triplets, tandems and singles.

Among the latest applicants yesterday were: Sam Norton of the Day City Club of San Francisco, and Howard Squires of Oakland, who broke the world's competition mile record at Fresno early in the season. Both will be entered. Firman of Los Angeles and Taber of South Riverside were also listed. The latter will come to this city with a tremendous backing, as he is considered by many the fastest rider in the Southwest, Vaughn and Lacy included.

The San Diego wheelmen will come to the tournament on a special train. It is understood that arrangements are under way with the Santa Fe to break the Coast rail record, if possible, on the trip.

Thirty-one entries for the novice race were listed up to last evening, and further applications are expected. Already more enlistments have been made than in any previous similar event on the Coast.

The president of the Pacific Coast Jockey Club will arrive in Los Angeles tomorrow for the purpose of conferring with the local track managers concerning the alterations about to be made at Agricultural Park. While about \$15,000 is the estimated amount to be expended upon the park and buildings, the local managers of the Jockey Association state that much more will be expended if necessary, as it is their intention to construct the track so as to attract the best racing stock that visits the Coast from now on. Fully one-half of the amount devoted to the work will be used in the arrangement of equipment for all kinds of athletic sports.

Arrangements are being made for a watermelon run from this city to Camhuanga, to take place about the last of the month. The undertaking is being engineered by H. W. Gillespie, secretary of the East Side Club. The East Siders will attend in a body, and a general invitation has been extended to all the wheelmen in the city. Secretary Gillespie states that over five thousand melons are being contracted for with the best indications that every one of them will be in demand.

PERSONALS.

William Mimmick of Yuma, Ariz., is in the city.
Father J. R. Teefy of Toronto, Can., is at the Van Nuys.
R. S. Beck and wife of Carlisle, Ky., are at the Clarendon Hotel.
Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Dunham of Chicago are at the Hollenbeck.
Samuel de Carse of Yuma is a recent arrival here from Arizona.
Mr. and Mrs. Gall Borden of Alhambra are staying at the Van Nuys.
Señora Anita Muller, sister of Don Romulo Pico, is seriously ill at San Pedro.
W. H. Halbert of Yuma, who has been ill for some time past, has entirely recovered.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. Highton of San Francisco arrived yesterday at the Van Nuys.
Hon. George Fuller and Mrs. Fuller of San Diego, registered yesterday at the Van Nuys.
Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Millay of Phoenix, Ariz., registered at the Hollenbeck yesterday.
Baillif Appel of the Police Court is again at his desk, after ten days' rest spent principally at home.

W. C. Bluest returned to this city yesterday after having spent the past month visiting in the East.
Mrs. A. Stern of San Francisco and Miss Ruth Meyer of New York registered yesterday at the Van Nuys.
Col. A. L. Grow of Tombstone, Past Department Commander of the G.A.R., in Arizona, is a guest of the Hollenbeck.

Mr. and Mrs. Oothout of Santa Barbara arrived yesterday at the Van Nuys. They will leave for the East today.
Police Secretary Ray Cottle started on his vacation yesterday. He will spend a week with his wife and sister at Santa Barbara.

L. C. Moreland, superintendent of the Bay Horse mine, near Mesquite, left the city a few days since and will but be in force of men at work on the property.

Among recent arrivals at the Clarendon Hotel are J. E. Brace, New York; Miss Clark, St. Helena; V. C. Stoddard and wife, Denver; J. C. Underwood and wife, J. Goldstein and family, Arizona.

Col. Aldace F. Walker, president of the board of directors of the Santa Fe road, together with Mrs. Walker, Miss Walker and Dr. H. F. Walker, arrived yesterday at the Van Nuys. They will spend a week or more in this vicinity.

Robert Krohn of Portland, Or., formerly prominent in local athletic circles, is visiting friends in Los Angeles. He was especially pleased to meet his old room-mate, Paul Flammer, City Jailer. Krohn and Flammer used to form a strong team in amateur athletics, and they generally won all the medals in local contests. "Mr. Krohn has been a resident of Portland for six years, where he has successfully introduced athletic training as part of the public-school course, and has been regularly employed as athletic instructor. He is here on his vacation.

Boy and Gasoline.

A small colored boy playing with matches ignited a pitcher of gasoline in a cottage at the corner of Elgin and San Julian streets yesterday afternoon. Prompt response by the fire department saved the house, after small loss. The pickaninny escaped unburnt.

Harrison's Paints

The very fact that Harrison's paints are looked upon as the best made is a guarantee that they are always best. We could not afford to damage this reputation.

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Mide of block,
Bet. 2nd and 3d Sts.

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Offered by this college to young people desiring to fit themselves for useful positions. Complete courses in Bookkeeping, Short-hand, Telegraphy and Assaying. Competent teachers. Students may enter at any time. Evening sessions. Send for new catalogue or call at the office.

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312 W. Third St., Currier Block.

Concerning Musical Instruments.

Our new department contains every kind of small musical instrument known to the profession. Our high standard of quality is a guarantee. Our prices are lower than is usually paid for such wares.

Southern California Music Co. 216-218 W. 3d St., Broadway Bldg.

Ladies of Los Angeles are thankful they can get

SOAP FOAM

Washing Powder because it does the work for them.

5c, 15c and 25c packages.

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Can only be improved by glasses properly fitted and ground to suit the eye. Ordinary spectacles as found on sale are injurious to the eyes. We prescribe and make glasses at regular prices and no extra charge for examination.

The Boston Optical Co.
228 W. Second St.,
KYTE & GRAMICHER

Come

Look at our \$2 Kid Button Shoe for

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SNYDER SHOE CO.,
Broadway and Third.

There is only one kind of glasses for defective sight—Perfect Glasses. For correct fitting and grinding of perfect glasses consult us. Fit and comfort assured.

J. G. Mackintosh 245 S. Spring
Established 1896.
on the window.

Fortunes

Have been made in mines by Barney Barnato, the Rothschilds, Senator Fair, J. W. Mackey, (Pres. Postal Telegraph Co.) Lyman Gage and hundreds of others. Send for booklet, 319 Wilcox Block, Los Angeles.

Bartlett's Music House.
Everything in Music.
233 S. Spring St. Established 1876.
Sole Agency

Kimball Pianos.

CREME de ACACIA.

A strictly hygienic vegetable pith produced from acacia, which contains and imparts Oxygen to the skin, thereby purging all impurities and stimulating the tissues.

Imperial Hair Bazaar.
Sole Importers, 224-226 W. Second Street.

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Our Neckwear recognizes no competition in colorings, and up-to-date attractiveness. See what you can do in 50c Neckwear, and attend upon the going of our

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We pretend to Lead.

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Honest Wines...

The idea of paying for wine and getting water—"You're safe at Jevne's"—Five different sorts of Rhine Wine, all our own bottling in pint and quart bottles. Pints 45c to 60c a bottle, quarts 75c to \$1 a bottle. Our wines are as honest as our Tea—everybody knows about "Our Tea."

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The Great Specialist Who Has Had More Than Fifteen Years Successful Practice.

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DR. MEYERS All Private Diseases Cured

Consultation and Advice Free.

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From PROF. DR. PICORD of Paris is the only remedy for restoring strength under guarantee, and will bring back your lost powers and stop forever the dangerous drains on your system. They act quickly, create a healthy digestion, pure, rich blood, firm muscles, rugged strength, steady nerves and clear brain. Imported direct from Paris. Price per box, directions included, \$2.00. For sale by all respectable druggists. Mail orders from any person sent. Receive prompt attention. DR. V. A. CROWLEY, agent and manager for U.S.A., 200 Quincy Bldg., Chicago, Ill. For sale by Thomas Drug Co., 1001 Spring and Temple.

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Assa Table Water GLEN ROCK has no equal. Price, delivered, at the rate of 15 gallons for \$1.00. Leave orders with us.

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Refrigerators and Ice Cream Freezers.

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5 Gal. Kerosene Oil.....50c 11 lbs. Rolled Oats or Wheat...25c
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Today the great interesting special is Straw Hats. \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00 Straw Hats that will wear you this summer and next.

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The Only Specialists in Southern California Treating EVERY FORM OF WEAKNESS and DISEASES OF MEN ONLY

Enlarged, Swollen and Twisted Veins, usually on the left side, Piles and Rupture cured in one week. Any form of weakness cured in six weeks. Discharges and Blood taints a specialty.

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We Never Ask for a Dollar Until Cure is Effected.

We mean this emphatically and it is for everybody. All correspondence, giving full information, cheerfully answered.

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The Importance of Pure Drugs.

And the perfect compounding of them, cannot be overestimated. No matter how thoroughly your doctor understands your case, his advice and prescriptions will avail nothing unless they are both fully carried out. Our drugs are the best, and our skill—well, there's none better.

Express prepaid on all orders of \$5 or over within 100 miles of Los Angeles. Catalogue free.

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FINEST FITTED UP STORE IN THE CITY.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

INJURED FEELINGS.

THREE COUNCILMEN NURSING A GRIEVANCE.

Outcome of the Truman-street Wrangle the Prospective Removal of a Park Laborer.

COUNTY IMBECILES IN TROUBLE

MAY BE TURNED OUT OF THE HOME FOR THE FEEBLE-MINDED.

Another New Law Tangle—A Girl Who Feared Her Mother More Than Jail—Heavy Sentence for Burglars.

At the City Hall yesterday the Board of Park Commissioners met in regular session. As the outcome of the wrangle over the acceptance of Truman street, a park laborer named Rushton will be investigated on complaint of three Councilmen that they have been spoken of in disrespectful terms. The Board of Equalization made heavy reductions in the valuation of property in the Vernon district.

Despite the fact that it is vacation, the officers about the Courthouse are more than busy. Numerous new lawsuits are daily filed, and the clerks are becoming crowded. The District Attorney's office has two very knotty problems to solve involving matters which affect the whole county. Judge Allen has heard his fourth habeas corpus case within the month, and there are more to follow, while the divorce mill is grinding steadily and surely on.

AT THE CITY HALL.

RUSHTON'S SCALP.

COUNCILMEN ON THE TRAIL OF A PARK EMPLOYEE.

Informal Charges Made That City Officials Have Been Spoken of in Disrespectful Terms by an Employee.

The Board of Park Commissioners met yesterday morning in regular session in the committee room of the Mayor's office. All the members were present, and Mayor Snyder occupied the chair.

Park Superintendent Garey recommended that good substantial seats or settees be provided for the Fremont Gate entrance to Elysian Park. The commissioners adopted the idea, and Commissioner Teed and Park Superintendent Garey were instructed to look after the matter.

It was reported that water in the lakes was very low, both in East Los Angeles and Hollenbeck parks. The City Water Overseer had promised to remedy the condition, and had already done all in his power. He thought too much water was being sold to market gardeners. It was decided to refer the matter of furnishing water to the City Council with the request that action be taken to remedy the existing trouble.

The bid of Harper & Reynolds for digging, hauling, and filling at 3 cents was found to be the lowest and was referred to the Finance Committee.

The report of the Finance Committee that no such order as that kind be purchased without an order signed by the secretary or the superintendent of the board, that no bill be audited unaccompanied by a receipt given, and that all emergency orders for supplies above the value of \$10 and under the value of \$300, be submitted to two or more dealers for the lowest bid before the supplies are purchased, such bids and purchases to be submitted to the board, was approved.

Bids for material for plumbing in Westlake Park were received from Newell Bros., Harper & Reynolds, the W. C. Furrey Company, and were referred to the Finance Committee with power to act.

On motion of Commissioner Griffith it was decided to make a sand bed in East Los Angeles Park for a children's playground, and a committee was appointed to select a place and have the playground made.

Park Superintendent Garey reported the following work done at the park: At East Los Angeles Park, 1400 feet of border prepared and planted, using 2000 flowering plants; 3500 other plants were set out and 11,000 foliage plants set out along the conservatories; 33,000 plants had been set out during the month of July; 1500 in Prospect Park, 4700 in Westlake Park, 16,700 in Eastlake Park, 2700 in Elysian Park, 5000 in St. James Park, 1300 in Central Park and 300 in the Plaza.

F. Y. Rushton, a laborer in the parks, was called before the commissioners to explain charges made against him for making disrespectful remarks about certain Councilmen.

Rushton was the foremost protestant some time ago against the acceptance of Truman street. The matter came up before the Council and was never made any length, and finally, Councilmen Nickell, Hutchison and Ashman were appointed a committee to examine the improvement work.

Much work was done over by order of the Council, and finally when the special committee reported that the street was in a satisfactory condition, Rushton and other property-owners appeared before the Council and declared that the work had not been done according to contract and specifications.

Rushton and the contractor, freely bonded charges that overtures had been made from one side to the other to withdraw from the protest if payment of assessments was made good. Finally the Council turned Rushton down and accepted the street upon the favorable report of the special committee, consisting of Councilmen Nickell, Hutchison and Ashman.

Yesterday when Rushton came before the Park Commissioners, he asserted positively that he had never made any statements about any Councilman, or other city official, that he had not publicly uttered in open Council and in presence of his right as a property-owner interested and paying for the improvement of Truman street.

After hearing Rushton's statement, a committee, consisting of Commissioners Griffith, Waters and Workman was appointed to investigate the matter and report at the next meeting. No charges in writing have been preferred against Rushton, but it is understood that some of the Councilmen whose tender feelings have been injured have complained to Park Superintendent Garey that one of the employees of his department had been speaking in disrespectful terms of them.

City Justice's Report.

City Justice Morrison has filed with the City Clerk his report for the month of July of all actions for violations of city ordinances and State offenses, showing fines and sentences imposed and status of all cases.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

Heavy Reduction in Valuations in Vernon District.

The Board of Equalization yesterday made heavy reductions all along the line, but more especially in the City Assessor's valuations of property in the Vernon district. In many instances the assessments were scaled down 50 per cent. It is impossible to say how much the total reductions will amount to in the aggregate.

It is anticipated that today's session will result in still heavier reductions, as practically no protests will be heard except those relating to property in the annexed territory, all of which, it is acknowledged, has been assessed too high.

Kipp-street Grade. Michel Levy has petitioned the Council to order Kipp street from Seventh to Orange street graded, graveled, curbed and sidewalked, so much of it as is not already improved.

AT THE COURT HOUSE.

THE COUNTY'S IMBECILES

MAY BE TURNED OUT IN THE COLD AT ANY TIME.

Supervisors and Superior Judges Have Failed to Comply With the New Law and Pay for the Support of the Charges.

The District Attorney has been notified that the twenty-two people sent from this county and now inmates of the State Home for Feeble Minded will be turned out of that institution to shift for themselves unless the Supervisors of this county comply with the law and remit the sum of \$10 monthly for the care of each of the charges named.

The District Attorney has advised the Supervisors that they cannot legally pay this \$10 a head charge for the inmates now in the Home for Feeble Minded, and that the only way in which they can comply with the law is to have the Judges of the various Superior Courts here recommit the inmates from this county, and this the Judges refuse to do.

When the persons were sent to the Home for Feeble Minded the law made them all charges of the State, to be supported by the State. The new law makes all imbeciles confined in the State Institution charges on the county from which they were sent, and fixes \$10 per month for each person as the rate which the county shall pay for the care and maintenance of its feeble-minded residents. It is evident, therefore, that if the new law be good law and can be made to apply to the future care of the feeble minded sent to the home before its passage from the various counties then the Judges who originally committed the persons to the home as charges of the State must recommit them as charges of the county.

But many, if not the majority of the twenty-two inmates of the home from this county at present were committed to the institution by Judges, who are now on the bench, and the present Judges say that the only way in which they can comply with the law is to recommit them, and their cases are being argued before the Judges today.

By Magistrate Smart, formerly Magistrate, against George P. Allen and his wife, Nellie Allen, to recover certain lands and property taken under foreclosure of mortgage when plaintiff was the wife of one Meyers, who, with her, pledged the property. She has since since divorced, and claims rights in said property.

By Herman Tucker against Isiah Tate, asking for a dissolution of partnership, an accounting, the appointment of a receiver and an injunction to restrain defendant from further handling of a livery business; also charging the defendant with having illegally mortgaged same, and to restrain foreclosure of mortgage for \$1000.

By Gregory Perkins, Jr., as receiver, against F. L. Eldridge to recover goods, etc., to the value of \$1000.

By Gregory Perkins, Jr., as receiver, against F. L. Eldridge to recover goods, etc., to the value of \$1000.

FLOTSAM AND JETSAM.

Miscellaneous Driftwood Thrown into the Courts.

WANTED AT STOCKTON. Sheriff R. E. Currier, of the Alameda county, yesterday morning, asking him to arrest J. G. Crouch, wanted in that city for embezzlement. Deputy Sheriff White caught the man at the depot in Redondo and brought him to jail to await further proceedings.

AMENDED INCORPORATION. The Los Angeles Hay, Storage and Supply Company yesterday filed amended articles of incorporation, asking leave to change the name of the Los Angeles Hay, Storage and Milling Company, and to increase the capital stock.

SENT TO HIGHLAND. Patrick McManus was adjudged insane by Judge Campbell and a commission of lunacy yesterday, and ordered confined in the asylum for the insane at Highland.

ANOTHER DIVORCE. Judge Allen heard the tale of woe told by Roes E. Stock and her witnesses in a suit for divorce from Fredrick Stock, on the ground of desertion, and granted a decree yesterday. The husband made no defense.

WILL PROBATED. The will of Moses C. Dunkelberg was filed for probate yesterday. The estate is valued at \$2000, and Victor P. and Ruby Dunkelberg are the heirs.

INSOLVENTS. Lillie E. DeHay and James A. DeHay, both of Pasadena, have filed petitions in insolvency. The estates are badly mixed up, but there will probably be sufficient assets to meet all liabilities.

Since the taking of the girl into custody, she has been under the care of Officer Clark, and when Judge Allen decided yesterday that the case must go over until August 24, when it would be heard in Department Four by Judge Van Dyke, the attorney for the mother asked that the child be returned to her custody pending the hearing, promising to produce her in court when wanted.

To this Officer Clark objected, and the girl herself went to the Judge's desk and begged him not to send her back to her mother or to send her to any one but the matron of the jail. She wanted to be locked up where her mother could not get to her to harm her, she said, and she threatened to run away if she was given to any one.

The friends of the mother then advanced Rev. C. S. Blum, pastor of the Third Congregational Church, who said he knew the child and the mother, and would take charge of the girl until August 24, but still the girl begged to be sent to the matron of the jail. She had no objection to Rev. Billings, but was afraid her mother would be able to find her.

Judge Allen finally ordered the child to go with Rev. Billings, and talked to the girl kindly. He said he realized that the mother was the proper person to have charge of the girl under ordinary circumstances, but in view of the stories he had heard he did not feel like returning the child to her. Isabelle finally went with Rev. Billings, but her fear of her mother seemed as great as ever, and those who know the child fear she will run away. The case is one which has enlisted the sympathies of a whole neighborhood on either side, and will be hotly contested when it comes to trial.

IN THE COURTS.

A Burglar Gets Twenty Years on a Plea of Guilt—Other Matters.

Notwithstanding it is vacation, Judge Allen of Department Six, assisted by Judge Campbell of San Bernardino, who has come over to help out as a favor, are doing considerable business, and incidentally they are providing a tidy bit of business for some of the Judges who are off fishing and hunting during the searing days. It isn't hard to get a continuance of a case that threatens a week's trial, just now. Judge Allen grants the motion, and with grim sort of pleasure, befitting his judicial dignity, and "and," Mr. Clerk, let the case be sent to Department Six, which means that when the vacation Judge comes home he will find the work of Department Six laid out ready to his hand.

In Department Six yesterday morning Robert Williams and George Bassett appeared for arraignment on two charges of burglary each. Bassett asked for time and was given until this morning to plead. Williams pleaded guilty and was sentenced to ten years on each, the second sentence to commence upon the expiration of the first, thus giving him full twenty years.

In the case of Livingston against Livingston, on a motion to increase the monthly allowance made by the court, and also to increase the attorney's fees, Judge Allen denied the motion to increase the monthly allowance, and took the other matter under advisement. This is the somewhat celebrated case in which Judge Allen denied the wife must support her invalid husband, and which was appealed, the Supreme Court sustaining Judge Allen's findings.

Judge John L. Campbell granted the petition of the heirs of Moses C. Dunkelberger for the appointment of a special administrator, and appointed C. S. Dunkelberger with bonds in the sum of \$1000.

In the same court the suit of G. A. Conant against F. O. Frazier, asking for the appointment of a receiver to complete the erection of Memorial Hall at the Santa Monica Soldiers' Home was heard, and the petition denied. The men are partners in the contract mentioned, and have quarreled.

In Justice Young's court yesterday morning, James B. Collins was arraigned on a charge of embezzlement, and on motion of the prosecuting attorney, the charge was dismissed. He was at once rearrested on a charge of petty larceny, and his examination set for September 19.

New Suits Filed.

Ella Harper against J. S. Hall, to recover \$400 and interest on note, with attorney's fees.

By the attorneys of L. Ashner, to declare him an insolvent debtor, and to set aside certain transfers of property to F. L. Eldridge. Allegations made that the defendant had covered liabilities if properly handled.

By the J. D. Hooker Company against the General Construction Company of Los Angeles, Western Los Angeles Water Company, Excelsior Wooden Pipe Company, C. A. Hooper and J. P. Sims, to recover \$9650 alleged to be due for material furnished.

By J. C. Kensingham against W. C. Mosher et al. of Pasadena, to recover money alleged to be due for street work ordered by the city of Pasadena.

By Magistrate Smart, formerly Magistrate, against George P. Allen and his wife, Nellie Allen, to recover certain lands and property taken under foreclosure of mortgage when plaintiff was the wife of one Meyers, who, with her, pledged the property. She has since since divorced, and claims rights in said property.

By Herman Tucker against Isiah Tate, asking for a dissolution of partnership, an accounting, the appointment of a receiver and an injunction to restrain defendant from further handling of a livery business; also charging the defendant with having illegally mortgaged same, and to restrain foreclosure of mortgage for \$1000.

By Gregory Perkins, Jr., as receiver, against F. L. Eldridge to recover goods, etc., to the value of \$1000.

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BOUND FOR ALASKA.

Duties Saved by Buying Outfits at Victoria.

W. H. Seaton writes to The Times from Victoria, where he stopped en route to the Alaskan gold fields, and offers some valuable advice to travelers who may follow in his footsteps. Parties going to the Klondyke country, he says, should fit out with supplies at Victoria, where all necessary articles can be purchased at quite as cheap as in the United States, and at a saving of customs duties and freight.

On the day of Mr. Seaton's arrival the Dominion government was sending a party of men from Victoria to Dyea by the steamer Queen, to cut a route through to the Upper Yukon. The new route will follow up the Stikine River by way of Telegraph Creek, then by Speckley River, and then by the Klondyke, which point the course will follow down the Hootenalequa and Lewis rivers to Fort Selkirk on the Yukon.

A government contractor, who had charge of the work, was trying to engage men at \$2.50 a day, laborers to pay their own passage to the Stikine River at a cost of \$25.

Mr. Seaton sailed from Victoria on August 7 for Vancouver on the steamer Charmer.

PEERLESS SANTA CATALINA.

Grand illumination Saturday night. High and fancy diving Saturday and Sunday. Best band in the southwest. Daily concerts. Unsurpassed fishing. Wonderful views of submarine life from the best boats. Three boats Saturday, two Sunday. Banning Co., 222 North Spring street. Tel. main 36.

WHEN all other remedies fail to cure dandruff, stop itching scalp, etc., make hair grow, use Smith's Dandruff Pomade for results.

A Full Set of Teeth

Only \$5.00

Lowest Prices Consistent With First-Class Work.

Extracting with our local anaesthetic..... \$.50

Extracting with gas, or Vitalized Air..... 1.00

Cleaning Teeth..... .50 up

White, Porcelain, Silver or Gold Platina Fillings..... .80 up

Pure gold fillings..... 1.00 up

Gold crowns, solid 22k..... 4.00 up

Porcelain crowns..... 3.50 up

Partial rubber plates..... 3.50 up

Gold or porcelain bridge work..... 4.00 up

No charge for extracting when best teeth are ordered. Consultation and examination free. All work very best and guaranteed.

Jan. 28, 1897.

This is to certify that I have this morning had twenty-two teeth extracted by Dr. Schiffman, and suffered no pain nor after effects, and I heartily recommend his method.

MRS. S. E. LAMPSON, 222 E. Fifth.

AT THE U. S. BUILDING.

PETER MIKKELSEN HELD.

The Old Man Badly Broken Up Over His Arrest.

Peter Mikkelsen, the old man who was arrested at the Soldiers' Home for personating John C. Svenningsen, late sergeant of Co. I, New York Volunteer Infantry, was brought to Los Angeles yesterday by Deputy United States Marshal Oakes.

The old man broke down completely when he was arrested, and he looked the picture of helpless misery as he sat in the Marshal's office yesterday afternoon, waiting to be taken to jail. As soon as he was brought in, he was arraigned before Commissioner Van Dyke, and held for examination in the sum of \$1000. As it was impossible to give bail, Mikkelsen said he would go to jail, adding that it did not matter what became of him, as he had not long to live in any case.

Svenningsen, the man personated by Mikkelsen, was very reluctant to swear to the complaint, and his sympathy for the broken-down old man seems to be shared by all the officers of the court. United States District Attorney Flint looked decidedly rueful as he referred to the statute which fixes the penalty for Mikkelsen's offense at not more than \$5000 fine, or six years in the penitentiary at hard labor. All seem to feel that the old man's crime has not been so particularly grievous, in view of the temptation offered by a prospect of food and shelter in his old age, and that, in spite of the fraud perpetrated upon the government, his fate is pitiful.

The Japs Arraigned. Tanaka and Kanda, the two Japanese charged with forging a money order, were arraigned yesterday in the District Court, and entered their plea of not guilty. The case was passed to be set.

SATISFACTORY RESULTS.

Favorable Report of the California Exhibit at Hamburg.

Secretary Wiggins of the Chamber of Commerce has just received a letter from Secretary J. A. Filcher of the State Board of Trade giving most favorable accounts of the success of the California exhibit at the International Exposition lately held at Hamburg. Mr. Filcher has just returned from Germany, and has expressed himself as fully satisfied with the results of the work done in Hamburg.

To quote his own words: "We have interested Germany in our products, especially in the line of dried fruits, on which the tariff is nominal, and there is every prospect of doing a big business. Importers are anxious to get in the trade, and jobbers everywhere who have seen our exhibit express a desire to handle our goods. Hamburg is a big port, and distributes its imports to all parts of Europe, and I am confident if we continue the effort to push our products we can secure a market there for all the dried fruits that we can produce, and at prices that will compensate the producer."

In spite of Mr. Filcher's efforts to secure medals or diplomas for the different products that made up the California exhibit, the officials refused to depart from their original arrangement to give rewards only to exhibitors as a whole, so that all California can expect is the medal for its exhibit. Being a medal for the whole, Mr. Filcher was assured by the exhibit officials, and the Committee on Awards that California would get the first prize for the best exhibit of industrial products.

Mr. Filcher adds: "There is no doubt that it was a wise move to take this exhibit to Hamburg, and it will be a little more than a year before California to keep up the work over there, and at the same time to shove our products. Other countries that have made up the exhibit are in Germany, and many have representative there showing their goods, establishing agencies and soliciting trade, and they have a much more uphill road than California would have in accomplishing the desired end."

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Blatz Malt Vivine.

A Nourishing Refreshing Restorative.

Most drug stores sell it.

H. J. WOOLLACOTT, Distributor.

124-126 N. Spring St.

Catarrh

Mrs. Josephine Polhill, of Due West, S. C., had a severe case of catarrh, which finally became so deep-seated that she was entirely deaf in one ear, and part of the bone in her nose sloughed off. The best physicians treated her in vain, and she used various applications of sprays and washes to no avail. Fourteen bottles of S. S. S. promptly reached the seat of the disease, and cured her sound and well.

S. S. S. never fails to cure a blood disease, and it is the only remedy which reaches deep-seated cases. Guaranteed purely vegetable. Books free; address Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

COMFORTING THOUGHT

That when all else fails, Emil Freese's Hamburg Tea will correct the ills of indigestion, constipation, sick headaches, neuralgia, etc. Sold by all druggists.

LOOK FOR THE REVOLVING LIGHTS

Watches Cleaned..... 75c
Main Springs..... 50c
Watch Crystals..... 10c and 15c
We positively give the finest work in the city

The Rival Jewelry, 256 South Broadway.

We have no Branch Store

Honest Goods. Honest Prices.

WM. CLINE, CASH GROCER, 142-144 N. Spring St.

Consumption Being

By the use of "Improve" CURED Tuberculosis

At the Koch Medical Institute 520 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Floral Funeral Designs.

REASONABLE PRICES.

SO. CAL. FLORAL CO.,

No. 255 South Spring St., opposite Stimson Block. Morris Goldsboro, Manager. TELEPHONE 1213.

Furniture and Carpets

All prices lowered 10 to 25 per cent during

REMOVAL SALE.

NILES PEASE, 337-341 S. Spring St.

Rupture

DR. WHITEHILL, 809 S. Hill St.

Guarantees a safe, speedy, painless and permanent cure without detention from business. No pay until cured. Consultation free.

Proposals for Supplies.

SOLDIERS' HOME, LOS ANGELES CO., California. Treasurer's office, August 10, 1897.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 10:30 a. m., Sept. 2, 1897, for furnishing and delivery of supplies at Pacific Branch, National Home D.V.S., quantities to be increased ten per cent, if required during the execution of the contract.

Sealed, stamped, and printed instructions and specifications and blank proposals will be supplied upon application to this office. Samples presented by bidders will not be considered unless same are called for in specifications. The right is reserved to reject any or all proposals or to waive any formalities therein.

Envelopes containing proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Supplies, N.H.D.V.S.," and addressed to the undersigned.

F. K. PHAM, Major and Treasurer.

Approved: ANDREW J. SMITH, Colonel and Governor.



Crops and Markets.
The weather in Southern California throughout the past week had been generally favorable to all growing crops. In a few districts early-morning frosts have slightly retarded fruit-drying, but not to an extent to make the delay serious. Markets have been steady with a good tone, and in nearly all kinds of produce prices show slight advances. The summer's business is above the average of previous years, and never at this season have the prospects for a brisk fall and winter trade been better. Money is abundant and good prices are looked for.

California's Fruit Acreage.
Based on the returns made by the county assessors, the San Francisco Chronicle has compiled a table showing the number of fruit trees in the State last year. It does not include apples, of which it is estimated there are about as many as pears, nor such products as quinces, nectarines, or pineapples, of which the acreage is small. The estimate is made on 100 trees to the acre, and shows as follows: Deciduous, bearing, 110,945 acres; non-bearing, 97,533; total, 208,478 acres. Citrus, bearing, 16,947 acres; non-bearing, 29,334; total, 46,281 acres. Nuts, bearing, 12,419 acres; non-bearing, 9,777; total, 22,196 acres. Grand total, 276,855 acres. In deciduous fruits the prune leads with 35,372 acres in bearing, and 35,680 acres non-bearing. The peach is a good second with 31,207 acres in bearing, and 26,419 acres non-bearing. In citrus fruits the lemon is credited with 2304 acres in bearing, and 9635 acres non-bearing. The remainder of the total citrus acreage of 46,281 acres is all in oranges. In nuts the almond leads, with 10,019 acres in bearing, and 6,629 acres non-bearing. Walnuts are credited with 2400 acres bearing, and 2393 acres non-bearing. The Chronicle says the figures show from what a trifling portion of the area of the State have come the fruits which have made it so famous, the area of arable land in California being about 40,000,000 acres.

Dried Beer Grains as Cattle Food.
W. Henry Robertson, United States Consul at Hamburg, Germany, in a report to the State Department on the use in Germany of dried beer grains as cattle food says, in part:

"As is known, in the brewing of beer, the barley, when allowed to sprout, is changed into malt; then the green malt is partially roasted, and under this process, the sprouts drop off, whereupon the roasted malt is put into fermenting vats. During all these important processes of brewing to which the barley is subjected, a number of chemical changes in the composition of the barley take place, which culminate in the transformation of the insoluble amylin contained in the barley into soluble saccharine and dextrin bodies. The user grains are a fodder rich in protein and fat, the amount of protein therein contained being, for instance, double that of barley. Dried grains are a favorite fodder which has proved itself to be most useful for fattening purposes as well as in the dairy. They are given a decided preference over wet grains, as the latter, owing to the great quantity of water they contain (about 50 per cent.) are apt to spoil, and are therefore disadvantageous which result from feeding wet grains can be removed only by drying the latter. In this process, the large quantities of water, the direct cause of the rapid fermentation, are eliminated. Numerous experiments have been made since the seventies, and a more perfect method has been found by which the wet grains are transformed into a dry merchandise, containing 10 per cent. of water, without loss of nutritive substances, of digestive properties, or any of the other good qualities claimed for fresh beer grains."

"The best way to feed the dried grains is to give them dry (or only dampened to avoid dust), and to chop straw or juicy food, such as potatoes, turnips, etc., in order to compel the animals to chew their food; in this way the salivary juice, so important to proper digestion, is obtained. Only in the feeding of swine is it best to soak the dried grains beforehand. In the feeding of cows, grains not only has the advantage of adding to their flesh, but at the same time the secretion of their milk is considerably increased. The feed is rich, and digestible milk is produced, particularly suitable for food for infants and infants, and, of course, excellent for calves and calves. The butter made from such milk keeps well and has a good taste."

Sheep eat the dried grains greedily; they have a stimulating effect, so that the animals readily take the most meager and sour grasses if they have been given a small ration of the grains before being driven into the meadows."

Heretofore grain and leguminous plants have been preferred; but a comparison between grain and 'beer grains' (which are also a domestic product) will show that the latter, with their numerous and excellent ingredients, must necessarily be better as fodder. Oats contain only 17 per cent. of protein, while dried barley only 13 per cent., while dried beer grains contain from 28 to 30 per cent. of protein and fat, and are decidedly more digestible than fresh grain. Every cattle-raiser can obtain higher prices for his cattle, since he can furnish just what the dealers, butchers, and consumers require, i. e., abundant, juicy, and fat meat."

"Germany, like England and other European countries, uses her entire supply as food for cattle, and brewers should not be obliged to sell their beer grains for foreign export. They should be utilized by our own farmers, and it is believed that a market at home could be easily created for this article were our agricultural population to realize its actual worth. If Europe finds it a cheap food for cattle after paying ocean freights from America, commissions, etc., our own farmers ought certainly to be able to utilize it to greater advantage. It is certainly worth a fair trial by those who are constantly complaining of the scarcity and high price of food for farm animals."

Pricked Versus Dipped Prunes.
Prof. E. W. Hilgard has, at the request of the San Francisco Chronicle, written a letter on the above subject which is just now undergoing much discussion both here and in the East. He says:

"Answering your inquiry as to whether the liability of pricked prunes to ferment is greater or less than that of dipped prunes I state that two years ago the entire matter was elaborately investigated by Mr. Bolelli of this

station, and the results published in our bulletin 114. Nothing we have learned since has induced us to change the conclusions arrived at then; the main points are the following: 'The conditions that cause 'frog-bellies' and 'bloaters' are wholly different from each other, and the two things are wholly unlike. 'Frog-bellies' is the name applied to prunes that have dried on one side farther than on the other, giving them the appearance of a frog. 'Bloaters,' on the other hand, are prunes which are wholly swelled up by fermentations from the inside; they are equally puffy all around, and have, therefore, no resemblance to frogs."

"An examination of 'frog-bellies' shows that they are caused by the unequal action of the lyse on the two sides of the fruit; one side being well 'checked' dries quickly, while the other, which is only partly or not at all checked by the lyse, dries slowly. Hence the unequal size of the two sides and the frog-like appearance. The microscope shows the skin on the checked side to be much thinner than on the unchecked; and a direct examination of the trees from which many checked prunes have been obtained in drying showed that there was much fruit unequally ripened on the two sides, especially on over-ripened trees. Since in the picking process, on the contrary, both sides are perforated alike, there is no reason why they should not dry alike, and hence the absence of 'frog-bellies' from pricked fruit when on the trays."

"The 'bloaters,' on the contrary, are prunes usually very fully and evenly ripe, which have been initiated by a slight fermentation which has occurred on the inside, usually appearing proceeding from the point of attachment of the stem. The 'bloaters' we have examined, as a matter of fact, contain more sugar than the average of the other prunes from the same lot, both probably the result of over-ripeness. Bloaters and frog-bellies, therefore, being wholly different in their nature as well as origin, should not be confused together, if we are to investigate the causes and their production, and the connection of pricking therewith."

"There is no question that when prunes are properly pricked there are few or no frog-bellies among them, and from their very nature bloaters should be less troublesome and should disappear more quickly, owing to the comparatively deep openings made in the skin of the fruit, through which the gas from the fermentation can escape. There is also no doubt, however, that pricked prunes dry more slowly than those which have been well lyse-dipped, because of the undiminished thickness of their skin, which is not offset by the comparatively few perforations. Hence, in unfavorable drying weather and in the absence of artificial driers, it is possible that fermentation might occur in the pricked prunes, when it would not have done so in the case of lyse-dipped ones."

"As regards the liability of the pricked prunes to fermentation after packing and shipment, I see no reason to suppose that it is any greater than in other fruits that have been cut and dried, provided only that the drying has been thoroughly effected. Of course, if the drying has been badly or imperfectly done, either lyse-dipped or pricked prunes will ferment in the package. The presence of the natural bloom upon the dried fruit should form an objection in the eyes of the consumer, while on the fresh fruit it would be taken as a proof that it had not been handled to any extent, and would therefore be considered a reason for preference. It is one of the many singularities of taste and prejudice with which the consumer is necessarily to contend in many cases, and which can be obliterated only slowly. It is quite parallel to the vicious prejudice against the pruned and deodorized fruit to that which has the natural color and aroma of dried fruit. However, there cannot be much difficulty in 'so processing' the pruned and deodorized fruit, so that it will be as good as the natural fruit, and the sugar and glucose of glycine would answer the same purpose."

"Finally, as regards sugaring, it is certain that the fruit with its thin, moist skin will sugar more readily, as well as that which is most thoroughly dried. As this is the case of the lyse-dipped prunes, there is every reason to believe that the sugared prunes complained of were dipped and not pricked. However, there is so little difficulty in distinguishing the lyse-dipped prunes from the pricked by the aid of a common lens magnifier that no dealer need be for a moment in uncertainty as to which kind he has, but probably the question is therefore quite easily determined."

"I understand, however, that a machine combining both processes in one machine is now to be brought before the public, and that the dipping machine the lyse is used only to the extent of thinning the skin without checking, but also removing the bloom, while the subsequent pricking removes the liability of the production of 'frog-bellies' as well as 'bloaters.' As this combination of the advantages of the either and both, it would seem that it should be universally adopted."

Forest Reserves.
Commissioner of the General Land Office Hermann has lately issued a circular of rules and regulations for the government of the forest reserves. The rules have been approved by Secretary of the Interior Bliss, and have been promulgated in accordance with the amendment to the Sundry Civil Bill, which authorizes the Secretary to establish such a service and to prescribe such rules as will insure the objects for which the reservations were created. Referring to this, Garden and Forest, New York, says:

"Like his predecessors, Mr. Bliss will be compelled to rely upon the aid of pointed for political reasons, and many of them in full sympathy with herders and speculators and prospectors and timber thieves, who have had their way unchecked ever since they drifted into the West. Indeed, these men have always been allowed to use the forests as if they owned them in fee simple, and they naturally resent any attempt to restrain them by Federal interference as an infringement upon their rights—rights which they feel that they have acquired by long usage, even if they do not rest on definite statutes. There have always been rules and regulations enough to protect the property of the United States, but, of course, the rules are not able to enforce themselves, and naturally no great energy has been expended in their enforcement when this work has been entrusted to political appointees, often selected from the districts which they

Great TWO DAYS' Special Sale FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Seasonable Goods at Factory Prices. We are determined to make a quick clearance of all summer goods. The following are Specimen Values:

Children's Fast Black Hose, 6 to 10, extra value at 10c; special for Friday and Saturday... **7c**

Children's Play-about Sailor Hats, worth 15c and 25c; special for Friday and Saturday... **8c**

Boys' Fancy All-wool Knee Pants Suits, in double-breasted and reefer styles, excellent value at \$2.50; special for Friday and Saturday... **\$1.66**

Men's All-wool Cheviot and Cassimere Pants, worth \$2.50; special for Friday and Saturday... **\$1.72**

Men's Fine Congo Walking Sticks, silver-mounted, worth 75c each; special for Friday and Saturday... **23c**

Men's Felt Tourist Hats, worth \$1.00; special for Friday and Saturday... **69c**

The Great Stein-Bloch Suit Sale Closes Saturday at 10 p.m.

\$20, \$17.50 and \$15 Men's Fine Summer Suits at... **\$10.00**

Jacoby Bros
The Big Store, FOR BARGAINS.

are to oversee. It is true that cases are brought to trial, but no one expects local courts and juries to take the matter seriously, so that attempts to enforce the laws have been farcical. Rules have not yet been able to prevent individuals or corporations from cutting timber wherever they choose on some pretext or other, or from selling it in a distant market, whenever this could be made profitable. They have not prevented sheep from following each other up steep mountain slopes in long procession and trampling out ditches to facilitate the gathering of floods to lay waste the plains below. They have not prevented stock and herds from gnawing every green thing to the ground—grass, herb, shrub and seedling trees—so that the snows will melt more quickly. They have not prevented herders from burning over league after league of mountain slopes to furnish fresh herbage for their flocks in spring, and insure the desolation of the lowlands by floods, and the filling up of agricultural intervals with debris from the mountains."

All of which is, unfortunately, only too true. Rules are good, but they are worse than useless if not enforced. The same journal suggests that a plan which where tried has proven successful, be extended. It says:

"It may be said here that a portion of the forest property owned by the nation has been to a certain extent exempt from these ravages. Nothing can arrest a forest fire when it has gathered full force and is sweeping through the dry and roasting woods of the West. But there is such a thing as preventing fires and checking them at the outset. Ever since the Yellowstone National Park has been patrolled by a troop of United States cavalry that vast territory has suffered comparatively little in this respect. There are three national parks in California, and while the surrounding forests have been imperiled by sheep-herders, a small detachment of United States troops has sufficed to protect them. These object lessons and similar ones in Canada and other countries so plainly indicate the proper way to preserve our forests from their worst enemy, fire, that we can only express regret that the first bill recommended by the National Forestry Committee has not already been passed at the extra session of Congress. This bill provided that the Secretary of War should be directed, upon the request of the Secretary of the Interior, to detail troops to protect the forests, timber and undergrowth on the public reservations and on the national parks until a permanent forest bureau has been authorized and organized."

No reason is apparent why this could not be done. It would work no hardship on the troops so employed. It would be a change they would much enjoy, while at the same time it would be the means of effectually stopping, or largely curtailing, at least, the gross abuses to which the national forest reserves are now subjected.

Forest Destruction.
[Michigan Trademark.] It does seem that the average American will or can learn nothing by experience, and that he is likewise the most naturally improvident individual living. We seem that he would learn something by the experience of the past two hundred years in the gradual but most effectual destruction of the forests and timber tracts of the country from the Atlantic to the mountains, and more recently from the lakes to the gulf, but such is evidently not the case. The same wanton and useless destruction of the most valuable timber goes recklessly on. The supply of maple is by no means large, and its use for flooring is steadily increasing. What is left from the flooring must certainly be of some use as lumber. But consider this, from a North Michigan maple flooring mill. They report that less than 20 per cent. of the product of the tree is available for flooring and the balance is wasted. They make flooring only; there is no

demand for fire wood even, and this enormous percentage of over four-fifths is thrown away. These mills are forming combinations to keep up the price of flooring, and throwing away 80 per cent. of their output. Surely there should be some method devised by the government, or something to protect the maple from such wanton waste.

The Vine Hopper.
[Garden and Forest.] Very interesting is a little bulletin of a dozen pages issued by the Agricultural Experiment Station at Berkeley, Cal., and giving an account of the ravages of C. W. Woodworth in relation to the vine hopper. The vineyards of that State are injured in the first place by the mysterious Anaheim disease, which has so far baffled all investigation and destroys vineyard after vineyard, with nothing to arrest its progress. Then come phylloxera, and giving an account of the ravages of the vine hopper, which is not so serious in itself, but against which all remedies formerly used have proved unavailing. It seems that the life-history of this insect has hitherto not been understood. A great deal of time has been spent each year in attempts to destroy the eggs in winter, when, in fact, the insect does not pass the winter as an egg. Much trouble has been taken also to kill the insect in the fall, but it does not pass the winter in the ground. The vines have been sprayed in winter under the supposition that the bark is full of eggs, or that the insect is hiding beneath it, but the insect does not pass the winter in the vine. Neither does it pass the winter in fallen leaves, so that the money spent in destroying these leaves has been wasted. The fact is, that during the winter the perfect insects are feeding on all sorts of green plants, and that they are not found enough to meet their present needs, so that their ravages are not noticed. It is in the spring when they begin to grow in pairs and are urged to produce their eggs, that the vines are found and then waiting. Spraying the leaves with poison is of no avail, for they are not yet in the inside of the leaf with their proboscis. They are small insects, it is true, and they take but little. But in the drier parts of the year they stop the growth of the leaves and grow them. There is no occasion here to give any further sketch of the history of the insect not to quote the various remedies which have been tried, together with the reasons why they have been ineffectual. Suffice it to say that in the spring time, tarring, as we treat plum trees in the East, is useful. A so-called hopper dozer is a contrivance similar to fly paper, against which the insects are made to leap and stick fast, and this is also to a certain extent effective. Better still is a palm-leaf fan and a can of the sticking mixture large enough to dip it into. Skillful laborers to which the national forest reserves are now subjected.

CUT RATES TO THE EAST
On household goods. The Van and Storage, No. 435 South Spring street.
EXAMINER delivered, 60c per month; Tel. No. 214 South Broadway. Tel. main 004.

UNK AND TRAVELING BAGS
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Grand Movement In Shirt Waists

Clearing out our entire stocks of, at one-third the regular retail price, *Elegant Fabrics in rich patterns and color effects. Lawns, Organdies, Swisses, Dainties, Lappets.*

4 GRAND BARGAIN TABLES

39c	Bargain Table	Contains Waists worth up to.....	\$1.00
49c	Bargain Table	Contains Waists worth up to.....	\$1.25
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Special offer of Bathing Suits Today and Tomorrow

Ladies' Bathing Suits, stylishly made of good Black Brilliantine and trimmed with white braid. Kind with long sleeves worth \$4.50 in the regular way for \$2.75 and short sleeve ones for \$2.50.

Parisian Cloak and Suit Co.

221 SOUTH SPRING STREET

The Gold Fields of the... Klondyke

Fortune Seekers' Guide to the Yukon Regions of Alaska and British America
...With Maps, Diagrams and Illustrations

This New Book is fresh from the pen of one who knows all the whole story of the recent wonderful discoveries of gold in the far Northwest—the most wonderful, it is believed, of modern times. It tells all about the country, the climate and the gold, and the people who have secured fortunes in this new El Dorado, many having thus arisen from penury to affluence in a brief space of time. It describes the Yukon Valley Region of Alaska and the British Northwest Territory minutely and accurately, including its Geography, Topography, Geology, Timber, Animals, Fishes, Birds, etc. It tells all about the climate and how to prepare for winter; about mining methods and

.....HOW GOLD IS FOUND.....

and located. It gives the Mining Laws and Regulations of the United States and of Canada, and tells how law is administered and order maintained in the Yukon country. It tells about the routes to the mines, the ocean and river voyage via S. Michaels, the routes via Juneau and Dyea Passes over the mountains, and down the Lewis and Yukon Rivers. It describes the social life

.....ON THE YUKON AND THE KLONDYKE.....

and on other streams, and in Dawson City, Fort Cudahy, Circle City and the mining camps and towns generally. It tells all about the cost and method of living in this new Mecca, to which all eyes are now directed. It contains a historical sketch of Alaska and the Northwest Territory, and in fact, answers every question of the seeker for information or gold.

Everybody Should Secure this Book at Once!

It is full of interest and valuable information for everybody. It is a large 144mo., neatly bound in paper covers, and profusely illustrated from photographic views of the great Klondyke region, many of which are full page pictures. It contains a fine new map of Alaska and British America, engraved especially for this work, and showing the exact location of the recent gold discoveries, the land and water routes, etc.

In order to accommodate the thousands of people who are seeking for reliable information on this all-absorbing topic, THE TIMES has made arrangements with the publishers to supply 'The Gold Fields of the Klondyke' to its readers everywhere.

.....HOW TO GET THE BOOK.....

Send or bring 25c to THE TIMES OFFICE. No extra charge for postage when sent by mail. Mark mail orders "Klondyke."

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Office Telephone, Main 36. Yard Telephone, Main 1047. Dr. W. Harrison Ballard, 406 Stinson Block.

LOCAL NEWS

PASADENA.

IMPROVEMENTS TO BE MADE IN THE WATER SYSTEM.

A Retaining Dam Will Be Built at Devil's Gate. Dog-poisoning-Board of Equalization-Mrs. Nettie Rogers is in Pasadena.

PASADENA, Aug. 12.—[Regular Correspondence.] The joint committee of the Pasadena Land and Water Company and the Lake Vineyard Land and Water Company have decided upon the manner of building the storage basin for the present, which will undoubtedly be the beginning of an extensive water system for Pasadena. The work will be begun at once, and an eight-foot dam will be built from bedrock to the surface to retain the water in the spring of the year which goes to waste. The dam will be built during the summer months, the new tunnel will be sealed up during the winter months and the water retained therein until it is needed. It is expected that the dam will be completed before the end of the year. The local water companies said today that it would be just the beginning of the extensive system of reservoirs at different points at the base of the mountains. The dam and location were decided upon this afternoon by a visit of the committee to Devil's Gate.

MORE DOG POISONING.

The dog poisoning is pursuing his nefarious business throughout the city, and almost daily reports are made of the work of the animal. Last night a pet dog belonging to W. J. Conrad was found dead as a result of eating poisoned food. The dog was found by a man belonging to Mr. Brenner, an employee of Messrs. Conrad & Hotelling, was found suffering from poison. The dog was found dead, and the man who found it is now being sought by the police. The dog was found dead, and the man who found it is now being sought by the police.

WANT ASSESSMENTS REDUCED.

There was no meeting of the Board of Equalization today, as Chairman Washburn was not present. The board members were anxious to see the work of the board, and the board was held over to the next meeting. The board was held over to the next meeting.

MRS. NETTIE L. ROGERS HERE.

Nettie Lewis Rogers is in Pasadena. On that score there is no doubt. The fact is that Mrs. Rogers will soon be in Pasadena. The fact is that Mrs. Rogers will soon be in Pasadena. The fact is that Mrs. Rogers will soon be in Pasadena.

PASADENA BREVIETTES.

Mrs. O. M. Smyth, wife of David M. Smyth, the inventor, died at her residence on Monk Hill this afternoon. Mrs. Smyth was born in New York, April 12, 1840, and has been a resident of Pasadena since 1880. She was a devoted wife and mother, and was well known in the community.

Dr. Hill Advises Moderation in the Harbor Matter.

PASADENA, Aug. 12.—[Regular Correspondence.] Dr. R. W. Hill, chairman of the Los Angeles Democratic County Committee, has returned from his trip to Washington, where he went for the purpose of presenting the cause of San Pedro Harbor. When seen today Dr. Hill said:

"I really have nothing to say in addition to the dispatches from Washington, which 'The Times' printed. I feel satisfied that we will receive the appropriation, and am confident that Secretary Alger will do all for us. That a conservative policy on the part of the citizens of Southern California will be productive of better results than will a constant agitation of the harbor matter, and I am confident, and I condemn the passing of resolutions in an aggressive tone. Secretary Alger is supreme in the matter, and he will follow a policy to follow it. I think we will get the appropriation before long."

CITY MARSHAL GRIMSHAW HAS TROUBLE.

City Marshal Grimshaw is having troubles of his own. A city pound was started on Tuesday, and four men were taken into custody. The men were taken into custody, and the pound was started. The men were taken into custody, and the pound was started.

THE PILING OF THE NEW WHARF BEING ERECTED BY THE KETCHIKAN COMPANY ON BOSCHKE ISLAND IS COMPLETED, AND WORK WILL BE BEGUN ON THE FLOORING.

The piling of the new wharf being erected by the Ketchikan Company on Boschke Island is completed, and work will be begun on the flooring. The piling of the new wharf being erected by the Ketchikan Company on Boschke Island is completed, and work will be begun on the flooring.

ORANGE COUNTY.

A NINE-YEAR-OLD BOY DROWNED IN A WELL.

He Falls into it While in an Epileptic Fit—City Engineer Rogers Leaves for the Kings—An Imposter Brought to Book.

SANTA ANA, Aug. 12.—[Regular Correspondence.] While in the throes of an epileptic fit Arthur Hutton of Garden Grove fell into an open well yesterday evening and was drowned. He fell head first into the well, and was wedged in such a position that he could not free himself.

THE LAST TIME THE BOY WAS SEEN ALIVE WAS ABOUT 1 O'CLOCK THIS AFTERNOON.

There was a great deal of excitement in the city when the news of the boy's death was first reported. The boy was found dead in the well, and the news of his death was first reported. The boy was found dead in the well, and the news of his death was first reported.

JUSTICE HUNTINGTON DOLED OUT SIXTY DAYS IN THE COUNTY JAIL TO A PROFESSIONAL CAPPER NAMED JAMES WELCH.

Justice Huntington doled out sixty days in the County Jail to a professional capper named James Welch, who was brought in by the officers Thursday afternoon. The young fellow has been negotiating in the city for a gang of dead beats traveling through the county.

GOING AFTER IT.

Charles S. Rogers has resigned his position as City Engineer of Anaheim and left on Wednesday for San Francisco, there to take a course in engineering at the University of California. He will be met in San Francisco by H. W. Wainwright, who served with Rogers in the army.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

CUTTING OF RATES DISCOVERED IN THE BUTCHER COMBINE.

A Mining Mill Sold at a Low Figure. Campers Frightened—Working on Assessment Roll—Got Their Man—Brevettes.

SAN BERNARDINO, Aug. 12.—[Regular Correspondence.]

The combine of butchers and market men to raise the price of meat all around is an iron-clad one, with a forfeit up from each one for any infringement of the law. Wednesday night charges were made against the combine, and the combine was found to be in violation of the law.

THE CAMP AT STRAWBERRY POINT, NEAR SQUIRREL, IS COMPOSED OF PASADENA AND SAN BERNARDINO PEOPLE.

The camp at Strawberry Point, near Squirrel, is composed of Pasadena and San Bernardino people. The camp is composed of Pasadena and San Bernardino people. The camp is composed of Pasadena and San Bernardino people.

THE CITY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION HAS PASSED UPON THE PROPOSITION OF THE PASADENA AND SAN BERNARDINO COMPANIES TO DIVERT THE WATER TO THE POWER-HOUSE AT THE JUNCTION OF BEAR CREEK AND SAN PEDRO RIVER.

The City Board of Equalization has passed upon the proposition of the Pasadena and San Bernardino companies to divert the water to the power-house at the junction of Bear Creek and San Pedro River. The board has passed upon the proposition of the Pasadena and San Bernardino companies to divert the water to the power-house at the junction of Bear Creek and San Pedro River.

DEPUTY SHERIFF KEYES OF NEEDLES BROUGHT IN A MAN WHO HAD BEEN SHOT BY A HUNTER IN THE MOUNTAINS.

Deputy Sheriff Keyes of Needles brought in a man who had been shot by a hunter in the mountains. The man was brought in by Deputy Sheriff Keyes of Needles. The man was brought in by Deputy Sheriff Keyes of Needles.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE STATE HOSPITAL AT HIGHLAND HAVE DECIDED TO BUILD A NEW BUILDING FOR THE LUNATIC DEPARTMENT.

The trustees of the State Hospital at Highland have decided to build a new building for the lunatic department. The trustees of the State Hospital at Highland have decided to build a new building for the lunatic department.

ARIZONA NEWS.

RUMORS OF A NEW DENVER AND RIO GRANDE LINE.

A Typewriter's Fascinations Prove Irresistible—Disappointed Office-seeker—Second Buried Treasure in Phoenix.

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THE ROAD IS BADLY WANTED HERE. IT WILL BE MOST WELCOME AS THE FIRST STEP TOWARD THE CONNECTION OF THE DENVER AND RIO GRANDE LINES.

By a line ninety miles long the agricultural products of this valley will be laid down in the mineral region of Globe, and a certain market for the output of that camp. Apropos of this matter of railroad building, a great deal is promised in that line for Arizona, some of it certain of consummation. The above-mentioned line is a very strong proposition. Not only will it run from here to Globe, but it will also continue eastward via the Globe Valley to Duncan, Arizona, and from there to the Gulf of Mexico. This line will be a Santa Fe branch. Another Globe line certain to go is the continuation of the Globe Valley, Globe and Northern from Globe to Phoenix, a distance of about 100 miles, as already stated by The Times, work is delayed by the lack of consent of the Indians. Terms of some kind will be made, however, and the line will be built.

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ARIZONA NEWS.

RUMORS OF A NEW DENVER AND RIO GRANDE LINE.

A Typewriter's Fascinations Prove Irresistible—Disappointed Office-seeker—Second Buried Treasure in Phoenix.

PHOENIX, Aug. 12.—[Regular Correspondence.] An instance of going away from home to learn the news is found in an interview in a New Mexico paper with General Agent Helm of the Denver and Rio Grande line. Of the proposed railroad to Globe, survey of which is being made, he said: "I talked with President Murphy of this road and he assured me that construction work on the Globe-Phoenix line would be commenced in a few weeks, and that the proposition would be pushed rapidly forward to consummation."

THE ROAD IS BADLY WANTED HERE. IT WILL BE MOST WELCOME AS THE FIRST STEP TOWARD THE CONNECTION OF THE DENVER AND RIO GRANDE LINES.

By a line ninety miles long the agricultural products of this valley will be laid down in the mineral region of Globe, and a certain market for the output of that camp. Apropos of this matter of railroad building, a great deal is promised in that line for Arizona, some of it certain of consummation. The above-mentioned line is a very strong proposition. Not only will it run from here to Globe, but it will also continue eastward via the Globe Valley to Duncan, Arizona, and from there to the Gulf of Mexico. This line will be a Santa Fe branch. Another Globe line certain to go is the continuation of the Globe Valley, Globe and Northern from Globe to Phoenix, a distance of about 100 miles, as already stated by The Times, work is delayed by the lack of consent of the Indians. Terms of some kind will be made, however, and the line will be built.

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City Briefs.

Los Angeles to Alaska. The ship, Steamer Casper, will leave San Pedro on August 18 for Juneau and Dyea, Alaska; will stop at San Francisco and Seattle. Guarantee not to overland, and will take the best of care of passengers. No change of fare; reasonable; \$100 for passage, meals and berth, and quick time will be made. Each passenger allowed 1000 pounds of baggage or provisions; have room for 140 tons of freight, and will apply quick to company office, 235 Wilcox block, or ticket office, 213 South Spring.

Parties going to Catalina can leave this city on the Terminal newspaper train at 6 a. m., connecting with the Wilmington Transportation Company's newspaper boat at San Pedro, and arrive at Catalina at 10 o'clock daily except Saturday and Sunday. Making the trip at this time of the day is much more delightful than in the afternoon, after the winds have come up and the ocean is "choppy." There is also much less liability to seasickness on the morning trip.

Grand Regatta Race. A gala day at Terminal Island, where arrangements have been made for another yacht race to take place under the auspices of the Terminal Yacht Club, at Terminal Island, next Sunday, August 15. Messrs. Banning, Lack and Staats will preside as judges, and the affair promises to be the event of the season.

"Birth of the Flag." This famous picture, neatly framed, will be given free with every prepaid yearly subscription to the Saturday Times-Weekly Mirror (\$1.50) or with every prepaid quarterly (\$2.25) subscription to The Daily Times. If sent by express, charges will be 25 cents.

This week's 22-page National Guard souvenir edition of The Capital is the finest illustrated paper ever published in Los Angeles. For sale at all newsstands; ten cents.

Patrons of The Times who ordered and paid for the picture "Birth of American Flag" can procure same by applying at The Times office.

Special—Finest cabinet photos reduced to \$1 and \$1.75 per dozen. Sunbeam, No. 236 South Main street.

Boys' boarding school, military. Free catalogue. Postoffice box 133, city.

Upright piano, must be sold today or tomorrow, \$185 cash; 1616 South Grand avenue.

The Central W.C.T.U. will hold a mothers' meeting today at 2:30 o'clock in Temperance Temple.

J. W. Rogers has sold his entire interest in the Wedge mine at Randsburg. The figure is not stated.

The funeral of the late Mrs. G. H. Batchelder will occur at C. D. Howry's, South Broadway, on Saturday next at 3 p. m.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph office for Henry Knobb, Will C. R. Ascarate, R. H. Winn and Alexander Heinenman.

The five days' special campaign conducted by the Salvation Army in this city, in which Maj. Brengle of New York City and Maj. McIntyre of San Francisco have been the leading spirits, have been very successful.

On Wednesday night a fire at the Hollenbeck ranch destroyed 200 tons of hay, twelve horses and mules, and all the farm implements and harness. The total loss was about \$4000, about half of which is covered by insurance.

The Los Angeles Hay, Storage and Supply Company, incorporated August 21, 1894, capital stock \$100,000, has amended articles of incorporation, changing the name to the Los Angeles Hay, Storage and Milling Company.

HUNDREDS OF CLAIMS.

NEW DEMANDS ON THE COUNTY TREASURY TO BE MADE.

A Recent Decision of the Supreme Court Restores to Citizens Money Illegally Collected as Penalties in Delinquent Tax Sales.

Asst. Dist. Atty. Holton is a much troubled man. Claims against the county treasury aggregating hundreds of dollars have been filed in his office and he is marking them correct and thus ordering them paid. New claims are coming in every day, and the prospect is that before all of them are paid the sum total will reach well into the thousands of dollars.

These new claims are for excess of penalties paid by persons whose property was sold for delinquent taxes and afterward redeemed, and the claims have just been made good by a recent decision of the Supreme Court, backed up by a subsequent opinion of the Attorney-General, under which Mr. Holton is now working.

Previous to 1895 certain penalties were attached to the redemption of property sold for delinquent taxes. In the year named the Legislature passed a law greatly increasing these penalties, and made it apply to all property delinquent at the time of the passage of the act. This made the penalties on the property sold in 1894 and 1895, and deemed at the time of the passage of the act of 1895 as great as those which the new law applied to all property delinquent after its passage.

Hundreds of people all over the State paid the increased penalties on their delinquent property under protest, and a suit was brought in San Diego county to test the law, it being held that the Legislature had no right to increase the penalties on lands delinquent before the passage of the act of 1895. The San Diego case was appealed to the Supreme Court, and meanwhile people continued to redeem delinquent property. Then came the decision of the Supreme Court to the effect that the penalties to be charged on delinquent property must be such as were provided for by law at the time the property became delinquent, and not such as the Legislature might see fit to make them afterward.

The Attorney-General followed in an opinion which he held that the payment of penalties in redeeming property sold for delinquent taxes was an involuntary payment, and as such the owners could not be forced to pay more than the law prescribed at the time the property was sold. This settled the matter, and claims for excess began to pour in and have continued to pour in with increased rapidity. The claims vary in amounts from \$10 to several hundred, and some will even reach into the thousands.

As soon as they are marked "correct" by the District Attorney the Treasurer will pay the claims. The first of them will be ready by the first of next week.

Eddo's Dizzy Fall.

J. P. Eddo, a house painter, fell off a ladder yesterday while at work on a house on Constance street. He dropped through about thirty-five feet of space before landing on terra firma, but, strange to say, no bones were broken. One of his fingers was put out of joint and his back was badly bruised. Unless he has internal injuries he will speedily recover. After being treated at the Revere Hospital he was sent home.

IN A TANGLED WEB.

SCION OF AN OLD SPANISH FAMILY IN DEEP DISGRACE.

Criminal Complaints Piling Up Against Y. P. Rivera in the Justice Courts.

THE YOUNG DON'S ESCAPADES.

HE RESORTED TO PETTY CRIME TO RAISE MONEY.

Forged County Clerk Newlin's Name and on the Strength of It Conducted a Bogus Widow's Fund.

It was a tangled web which Y. P. Rivera began to weave when first he practiced to deceive. This young man has the blood of some of the proudest dons who ever left old Castile in his veins, yet he now languishes in a prison cell and is charged with numerous crimes.

The first alleged transgression of the law by young Rivera was reported to the police July 12, when L. B. Winston, a bicycle dealer at No. 534 South Broadway, swore to a complaint charging the young man with having stolen a bicycle from him on July 6. A warrant for his arrest was issued, but he managed to dodge the officers until August 7, when Officer Richardson succeeded in effecting his capture. He was arraigned in the City Justice Court for petty larceny and had his trial set for September 7.

While the officers were looking for Rivera on the petty larceny charge, he was doing the best he could to get himself into further trouble. To replenish his depleted exchequer he essayed to raise money by the charity dodge, which he worked very successfully, until he branched out in still another line, which brought him to the bar of justice.

The charity dodge he managed by drawing up the following petition in behalf of an imaginary widow and orphans:

"Gentlemen and friends: I am the widow of William Jackson he was killed Friday in sewer smothering to death and now I am in a state of asking charity of you. I have 3 small girls 2 boys small to work, and in my condition I cannot work so please subscribe to help me. Believe me yours respy."

"MRS. WILLIAM JACKSON."

To make the petition effective, he took a letter head of County Clerk Newlin and wrote the following, to which Mr. Newlin's signature was clumsily forged:

"LOS ANGELES, Aug. 2, 1897. 'Gentlemen—This is to certify that Mr. Rivera has been authorized by us to collect all donations for this poor lady or (widow) please donate something. Yours respy. E. NEWLIN'

Armed with these credentials he set forth on a begging tour, beginning with the county officers. Assessor Recorder Hodgman, Tax Collector Merwin, and others were each in turn moved by the widow's stirring appeal and contributed handsomely, all the more cheerfully because of their fellow-official, Clerk Newlin's endorsement, well knowing that he would not lend his name except to a worthy cause.

Among other contributors to the widow's and orphans' fund were such leading citizens as Dr. Cole, H. J. Jettie and others—seventy-three victims altogether, who contributed various sums ranging from 25 cents to \$2.50.

Among others appealed to in behalf of the widow and children of the late lamented William Jackson, was Louis Sentous, Jr., of Vache Bros' wine house. When Rivera presented the petition to Mr. Sentous the latter was making out monthly bills against customers of the house. Sentous read the petition and went to answer a telephone call just then. As soon as his back was turned, Rivera picked up some of the newly-made bills and started out on a collecting tour on his own behalf. One of the bills was against a man named Moody, who gave a check for the amount. Rivera, it is alleged, forged Vache Bros' endorsement on the check and succeeded in getting it cashed at C. F. Heinemann's drug store. This alleged offense led to Rivera's arraignment in Justice Young's court on Wednesday on the charge of forgery, with bail fixed at \$500.

Yesterday morning Police Detective Fowler, in looking over Rivera's effects, found the subscription list for the widow and orphans, and the forged credentials from County Clerk Newlin. Fowler then took the culprit in hand, and he says Rivera confessed that he forged the County Clerk's signature, and that no such widow and orphans as described in the petition existed, so far as he knew.

He admitted appropriating the money subscribed, \$46.75 in all, nearly all of which was collected. If each of the persons victimized in this manner were to sue a complaint against Rivera for obtaining money under false pretenses, and he were convicted on each charge, it would take more than his remaining lifetime to serve out the combined sentences, even if he lived to be a hundred years old, provided he were given the extreme penalty in each case.

Rivera is solicitous about his prosecution. He says his relatives will send him to Mexico if he can get him out of his present scrape. The prisoner's mother is said to be quite ill. He has an elder brother in this city, who bears a good reputation. The family keenly feel the young man's disgrace.

Meyer's Nose Bleed.

John Meyer swore out a warrant yesterday for the arrest of Richard Jans on the charge of battery. The two men were in a nursery on Broadway when Jans assaulted Meyer, the latter alleges, by striking him in the face and causing his nose to bleed copiously. Officer Harris arrested Jans, who gave bail for his appearance in court.

Licensed to Wed.

Thomas A. Blakely, aged 30, a native of Ireland, and Renee B. C. Mallin, aged 19, a native of Colorado; both residents of Los Angeles.

J. H. Gray, aged 27, a native of Illinois, and Gertrude O'Brien, aged 19, a native of Illinois; both residents of Glendale, this county.

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Gaylord W. Cooke, aged 25, a native of Oregon, and Harriet W. Walker, aged 39, a native of Vermont; both residents of Los Angeles.

Ernest S. Langford, aged 30, a na-

tive of England, and Rosa Reader, aged 24, a native of England; both residents of Los Angeles.

George G. Phillips, aged 26, a native of California, and Olive P. Shepherd, aged 18, a native of Kansas; both residents of Los Angeles.

DEATH RECORD.

BATCHELDER—At the residence of her daughter, Mrs. L. B. Cook, No. 1154 South Los Angeles street, at 4:40 p. m., Wednesday, Mrs. George H. Batchelder, mother of L. H. Batchelder.

Funeral services from the parlors of C. D. Howry, South Broadway Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment at Cincinnati. (Cincinnati papers please copy.)

DILLER—Thursday, August 12, 1897, Christian Diller, brother of Mrs. D. Schleck, a native of Germany, aged 64 years.

Funeral from the parlors of Peck & Chase, No. 325 South Broadway, 2 p. m., Sunday, August 15. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend. Interment at Rosedale. (Columbia papers please copy.)

TOY—In this city, August 10, 1897, Ah Toy, aged 35 years.

Funeral was held at parlors of Kregelo & Breese yesterday at 2 p. m.

TAYLOR—In this city, August 10, 1897, Capt. E. B. Taylor, aged 50 years.

Friends may see the remains at the parlors of Kregelo & Breese, Broadway and Sixth street this forenoon. Funeral at St. John's Church, corner Figueroa and Adams, at 2 p. m. Ross in this city, August 11, Mrs. S. D. Ross, aged 23 years.

The remains were embalmed and shipped to San Bernardino by Kregelo & Breese on yesterday's overland.

WOLLAM—At No. 219 Bunker Hill avenue, August 10, Ada, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Wollam, aged 6 years.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

ASYLUM OF LOS ANGELES COMMANDERY, No. 9, K.T.

Sir: Knights: You are hereby ordered to meet at the asylum on Friday afternoon, at 1 o'clock sharp, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, Capt. Frank Beers Taylor. Full Templar uniform, Templar service.

By order of the E. C. W. B. SCARBOROUGH, Recorder.

TO MUSICAL FESTIVAL, OCEAN PARK. On August 11, 12, 13 and 14, the Santa Fe will run special trains to accommodate those going to the great musical festival. Trains will leave La Grand Station at 5:40 p. m. and 7:30 p. m. Returning, leave Ocean Park at 10 p. m., after the concert.

YOSEMITE.

And Mariposa Big Trees. Via Berenda and Raymond. Season of '97 opens April 1. Shortest and best line with easy stages. For full particulars apply office of Southern Pacific.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Special rates and terms for summer orders. Investigate. F. E. Browne, 123 E. Fourth st.

Manufacturer's SALE

Ladies' and Children's Ready-to-wear Garments.

Every item in the store has been price reduced for this most special of sales. But remember that these reduced prices are for this sale and this sale only. Don't expect to ever buy for so little money again. Don't think for a minute that we could afford to sell for these prices on ordinary occasions.

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THE BARGAIN EVENT OF THE SUMMER

Another great trade event is making history for the town. Again your silver quarters have the majestic power of gold dollars. Another bold effort crowns "The People's Store" with the glory of success. Again the merchandisers of the town are outwitted—and left side-tracked with shelves full of goods for which they paid a hundred cents, or more, on the dollar.

THE CITY OF PARIS

Yesterday was a day to be remembered. Think of a large store, large enough to entertain thousands, being obliged to close its doors for an hour and a half in early morning; at the dullest period of the year, in order to protect thronging masses of women from being crushed. Today will be another record-breaking, history-making day—another day when the Bargains of the Bankrupt hold sway.

INSOLVENT STOCK

Let no woman who wishes to make every penny count miss today's gigantic bargain chances. It is the last and greatest event of the passing hard times. Already the new Tariff Law is getting in its deadly work and higher prices are in the air. The "City of Paris" insolvent stock is the death struggle of the four years' panic—"The last of the Mohicans"—the end of the bargain rope, so far as insolvency goes. Let us all make the most of it. Let every woman come today. Store opens today at 9 o'clock.

The Greater People's Store *A. Hamburger & Sons* The Greater People's Store

Ladies' Oxfords.

In black or oxford, Black with patent tip or oxford with tip to match. Grand special price for two days

\$1.15

Ladies' Oxfords.

Comfort shape with wide toes and low heels. Hand-turned and well made. Just right for house wear. Grand special price for two days.

98c

Ladies' Southern Ties.

With narrow coin or narrow square toes, cloth tops and patent leather tips; grand special price for two days only

\$1.37

Ladies' Southern Ties.

Made of Oxblood Kid, with cloth tops and narrow coin toes; a real beauty and a grand special for two days at

\$1.45

Lace Shoes

For ladies. Made of fine Oxblood Kid, with tip of same, latest toes and elegant making, grand special sale for two days

\$2.45

Grand Two Days' Shoe Specials

Today and tomorrow we make price cuts on several of our finest lines of footwear, which will make this the only store in town for you to trade in. These prices tell the plain story without any elaboration. It is positively the grandest shoe event of the year.

In addition to these most special published prices, we offer some 700 pairs of odds and ends, left over from the Empire shoe stock, at 35 cents on the dollar.

Big reductions in children's vacation shoes.

MAMMOTH SHOE HOUSE, 315-317 S. Spring St., Bet. 3d and 4th Sts.

Ladies' Comfort Slippers.

These are hand-sewed, solid comfort shape. These are genuine bargains at the great special two days' price

93c

White Kid Ties.

For Ladies. A dainty shoe to wear with white costumes. These are well made and supremely special bargain; two days for

\$1.23

\$1.19

DR. LIEBIG & CO.

The old reliable, never-failing Specialists, established 18 years. Dispensaries in Chicago, Kansas City, Butte, Mont., San Francisco and Los Angeles in all private diseases of men.

Not a dollar need be paid until cured.

CATARH A Specialty. We cure the worst cases in two to three months. Discharges of years' standing cured promptly. Wasting drains of all kinds in man or woman speedily stopped.

Examination, including Analysis, Free.

No matter what your trouble is, nor who has failed, come and see us. You will not regret it. In Nature's laboratory there is a remedy for every disease. We have the remedy for yours. Come and get it.

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME. All communications strictly confidential. Call or write. The poor treated free on Fridays, from 10 to 12 A. M.



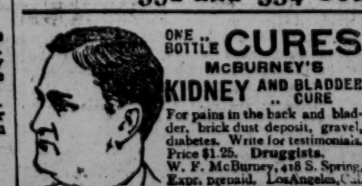
123 SOUTH MAIN STREET, Los Angeles, Cal.

SEE ALLEN'S

NEW Furniture and Carpets

Before Purchasing.

332 and 334 South Spring Street.



ONE BOTTLE CURES MCBURNEY'S KIDNEY AND BLADDER CURE. For pains in the back and bladder, brick dust deposit, gravel, diabetes. Write for testimonials. Price \$1.25. Druggists. W. R. McBurney, 418 S. Spring, East Los Angeles, Cal.

The Surprise Millinery, Wholesale and Retail, 242 South Spring St.